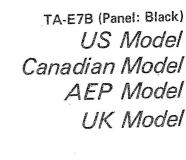
TA-E7 (Panel: Silver) AEP Model UK Model





TA-E7 (AEP, UK Model)

# STEREO PREAMPLIFIER

#### **SPECIFICATIONS**

#### GENERAL

Power Requirements:

110, 120, 220,or 240 V ac adjustable, 50/60 Hz (AEP, UK model)

120V ac

60 Hz (US, Canadian model)

Power Consumption:

**Dimensions:** 

(AEP, UK model)

Approx. 430 (w)  $\times$  170 (h)  $\times$  320 (d) mm 16% (w)  $\times$  6% (h)  $\times$  12% (d) inches Including projecting parts and controls (US, Canadian model) Apporx. 460 (w)  $\times$  170 (h)  $\times$  320 (d) mm 18% (w)  $\times$  6% (h)  $\times$  12% (d) inches Including projecting parts and controls

Including projecting parts and controls

Weight:

(AEP, UK model) Approx. 11.2 kg, 24 lb 11 oz (net) Approx. 13.4 kg, 29 lb 9 oz

(with shipping carton)

(US, Canadian model) Approx. 12 kg, 26 lb 80 oz Approx. 14.4 kg, 31 lb 130 oz

(with shipping carton)

Continued on page 2 -

SAFETY-RELATED COMPONENT WARNING!

COMPONENTS IDENTIFIED BY SHADING AND MARK ON THE SCHEMATIC DIAGRAMS, EXPLODED VIEWS AND IN THE PARTS LIST ARE CRITICAL TO SAFE OPERATION. REPLACE THESE COMPONENTS WITH SONY PARTS WHOSE PART NUMBERS APPEAR AS SHOWN IN THIS MANUAL OR IN SUPPLEMENTS PUBLISHED BY SONY.

ATTENTION AU COMPOSANT AYANT RAPPORT À LA SÉCURITÉ !

LES COMPOSANTS IDENTIFIÉS PAR UN TRAMÉ ET UNE MARQUE A SUR LES DIAGRAMMES SCHÉ-MATIQUES, LES VUES EXPLOSÉES ET LA LISTE DES PIÈCES SONT CRITIQUES POUR LA SÉCURITÉ FONCTIONNEMENT. NE REMPLACER CES COMPOSANTS QUE PAR DES PIÈCES SONY DONT LES NUMÉROS SONT DONNÉS DANS CE MANUEL OU DES SUPPLÉMENTS PUBLIÉS PAR SONY.



#### AMPLIFIER SECTION

#### Inputs

	Sensitivity	Impedance	Maximum Input Capability (0.03% distortion, 1 kHz)	S/N (weighting network, input level)	
PHONO 1	2.5 mV	2.5 mV 50 kΩ 250 mV		85dB	
PHONO 2	(-50dB)	50kΩ/100kΩ	(-10 dB)	(A, 2.5 mV)	
HEAD AMP	0.125 mV (-76dB)	$25\Omega$ (at " $3\Omega$ ") $100\Omega$ (at " $40\Omega$ ")	12.5 mV (–36 dB)	75dB (A, 0.125mV)	
TUNER AUX 1, 2 TAPE 1, 2	150 mV (-15.5 dB)	50kΩ	-	105dB (A, 150mV)	

#### Outputs:

 $0 \, dB = 0.775 \, V$ 

	Output Level	Impedance
REC OUT 1, 2	150 mV (max, 15 V) (-15.5 dB)	1 kΩ
OUTPUT 1, 2	1.5 V (max. 10 V) (5.5dB)	1.5kΩ
HEADPHONE	10mW (8Ω)	3.3Ω

Harmonic Distortion:

Less than 0.003% at 1.5 V output

IM Distortion:

Less than 0.003% at 1.5 V output

(60 Hz: 7 kHz=4:1) Frequency Response:

PHONO 1, 2 RIAA equalization curve ±0.2 dB TUNER AUX 1, 2 TAPE 1, 2

**Tone Controls:** 

BASS  $\pm 10\, dB$  at  $30\, Hz$ 

(TURNOVER FREQ 150 Hz)

±10 dB at 60 Hz (TURNOVER FREQ 300 Hz) TREBLE ±10 dB at 20 kHz

(TURNOVER FREQ 4 kHz)

±10 dB at 40 kHz (TURNOVER FREQ 8 kHz)

LOW: 12 dB/oct. below 30 Hz

HIGH: 12 dB/oct. above 9 kHz

Less than 6 µV (A-Network, IHF) Residual Noise:

#### LEVEL METER SECTION

Frequency Response:

 $20 \, \text{Hz} - 70 \, \text{kHz} \, ^{+0}_{-3} \, \text{dB}$ 

Response Time:

Filters:

300 msec. in AVERAGE mode

1 msec. in PEAK mode

Response Range:

-40 dB to +10 dB (METER SENS

control at CAL position)
-60 dB to -10 dB (METER SENS (0 dB = 1 Vrms)

Indication Error:

 $-10 \, \mathrm{dB}$  to +10 dB  $\pm 0.5 \, \mathrm{dB}$ -30 dB to -10 dB  $\pm 1.5 \, \mathrm{dB}$ 

#### MODEL IDENTIFICATION

#### SPECIFICATION LABEL

TA-E7B (US, Canadian Model)

STEREO AMPLIFIER SONY MODEL NO. TA-E7B AC 120 V 60Hz SERIAL NO. 22 W MADE IN JAPAN

#### TA-E7B (AEP, UK Model)

STEREO AMPLIFIER

MODEL NO. TA-E7B

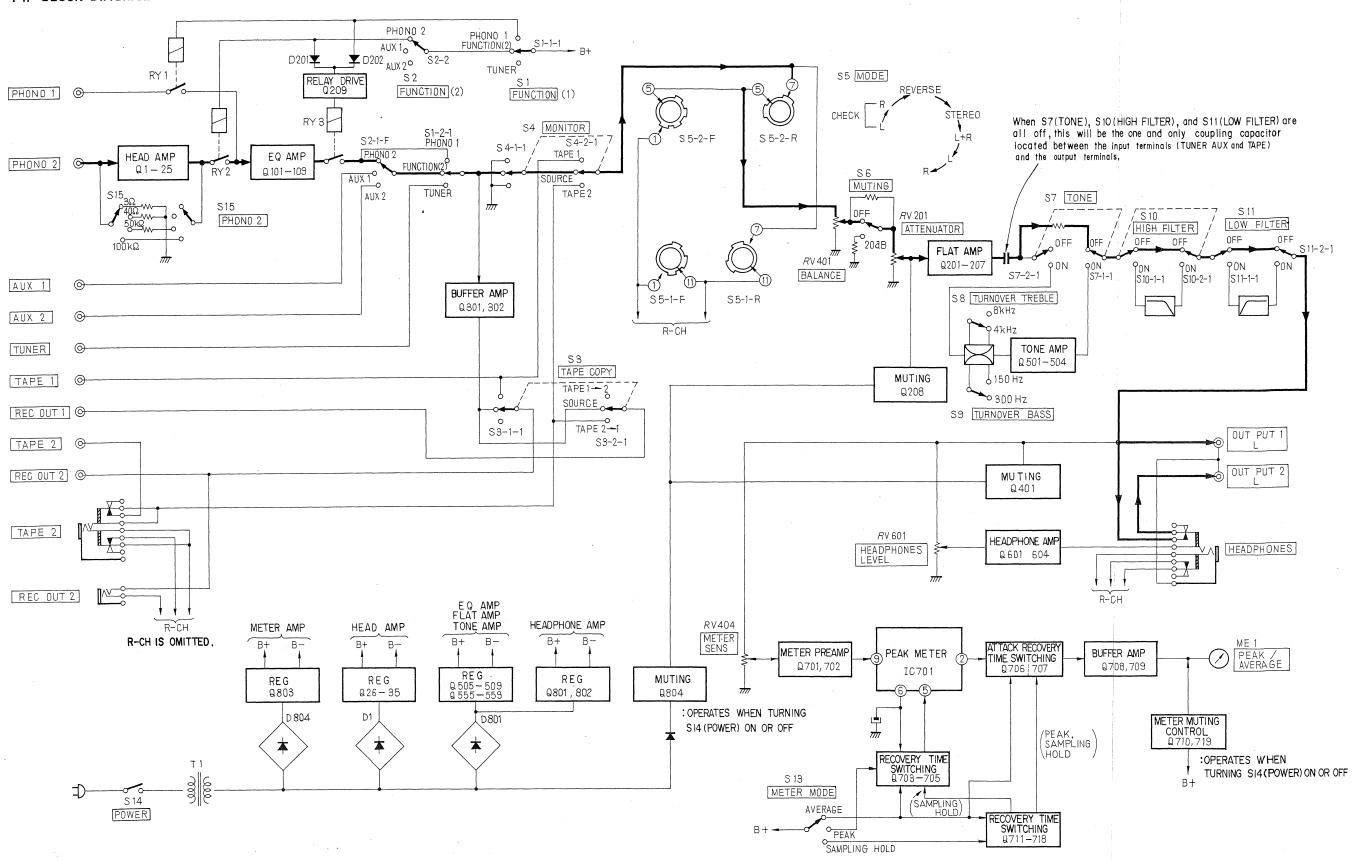
AC 110 120 220 240V ~ 50/60Hz 22 W
SERIAL NO. SONY MADE IN JAPAN

#### TA-E7 (AEP, UK Model)

STEREO AMPLIFIER SONY MODEL NO. TA-E7 AC 110 120 220 240V ~ 50/60Hz 22W SERIAL NO. MADE IN JAPAN

# SECTION 1 BLOCK DIAGRAM

#### 1-1. BLOCK DIAGRAM



#### 1-2. CIRCUIT DESCRIPTIONS

#### Meter Mode Switch (S13) Set to AVERAGE Position

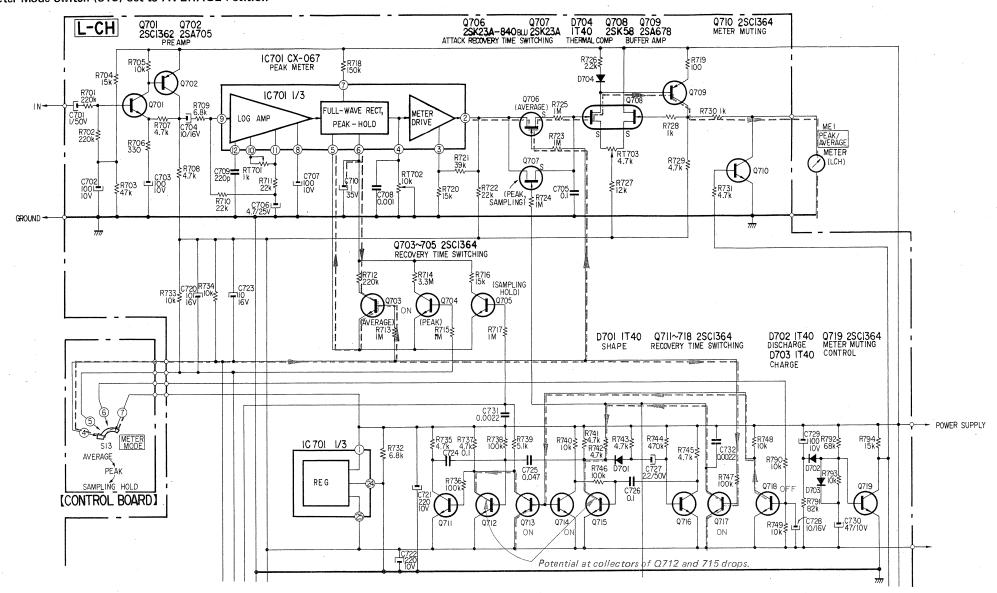


Fig. 1

#### PEAK METER CIRCUIT

The TA-E7/E7B features large-sized peak level meters which provide accurate checking of output levels. There are three different meter display modes, selected by the METER MODE switch (AVERAGE, PEAK, and SAMPLING HOLD).

#### 1. Preamplifier Circuit (Fig. 1)

The tone amplifier output is passed via the RV404 METER SENS control and amplified by the preamplifier (Q701, Q702) of the meter circuit. The minimum value of this METER SENS control is 0 dB-turning up to maximum value will increase meter sensitivity by approximately 20 dB. For example, when the meter reads 0 dB, the output level is approximately  $-20 \, \mathrm{dB}$ .

In other words, the Q701, Q702 preamplifier provides a control margin of 20 dB.

Furthermore, this amplifier also includes a limiter 4 V in order to prevent excessive meter deflection.

The preamplifier output is applied to the terminal 9 of IC701, the major circuit component of the meter circuit.

# 2. IC701 (CX-067) and It's Surrounding Circuits (Fig. 1)

CX-067 is designed to perform Log conversion, full-wave rectification, peak holding, and other functions for two separate channels. It also incorporates a pair of power supply circuits in order to provide

voltages required for internal operation of the IC (powered by a single external power supply).

The following description refers to the left channel.

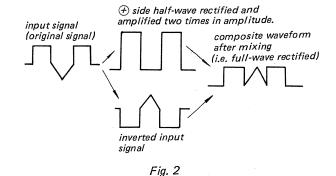
#### (1)Log Conversion Circuit

Input signals are converted to logarithmic form by means of the non-linearity of the diode inserted in the NFB circuit of the OP amplifier. The meter scale is thus compressed, permitting output levels to be checked over a wide range. The logarithmic function may be varied by changing the amount of NFB through the diode (i.e. changing the resistance of RT701 inserted across the terminals 10 and 11 of the IC.

#### (2)Full-Wave Rectifier Circuit

Full-wave rectification is necessary in order to detect both the  $\oplus$  and  $\ominus$  peaks of the input signal. In the CX-067, the  $\oplus$  side is half-wave-rectified, amplified two times in amplitude, and then mixed with the original (inverted) signal, thereby attaining full-wave rectification. The meter can thus be made to deflect in proportion to the peak levels in the input signal.

However, if this full-wave-rectified signal is applied directly, the meter needle can not respond to the pulse-like signal. For this reason, the CX-067 also includes a hold circuit where peak level signals charge up a capacitor, thereby permitting the meter to respond accurately to the peak levels.



#### (3) Hold Circuit and Attack Circuits

The three selectable meter modes are:

a) Average ...... ordinary response time, the same as ordinary VU meters.

b) Peak ...... extremely rapid response time, capable of responding to pulse-like signals. (minimum detectable pulse width 1 ms).

c) Sampling hold .. maximum peak level detected every 0.5 sec (approx.) and held for about 0.5 sec.

The hold and attack circuits are employed for easy reading the meter values.

#### 1) Hold circuit

The capacitor C710 connected to terminal 6 of IC701 is charged up by the full-wave-rectified signal.

The charging amplifier is also used as the full-wave rectification circuit. Due to the voltage on C710, an NFB is applied to this full-wave rectification circuit, thereby determining meter hold time.

This hold time is determined by the discharge time of C710. For peak and average meter modes, the respective discharge resistors R712 and R714 are switched over by the transistor switches Q703 and O704.

- \* During peak mode, Q704 is turned on (see Fig. 4), and C710 discharges through R714  $(3.3\,\mathrm{M}\Omega)$  taking approximately five times longer than during average mode (see Fig. 3).
- \* During average mode, Q703 is turned on (see Fig. 1), and C710 discharges relatively rapidly through R712 (220 k $\Omega$ ) (see Fig. 3).
- \* During sampling hold mode, Q705 turns on every 0.5 seconds, and C710 discharges immediately through R716 (15 k $\Omega$ ) (see Fig. 5).

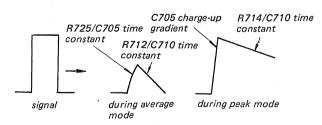


Fig. 3

#### Meter Mode Switch (S13) Set to PEAK Position

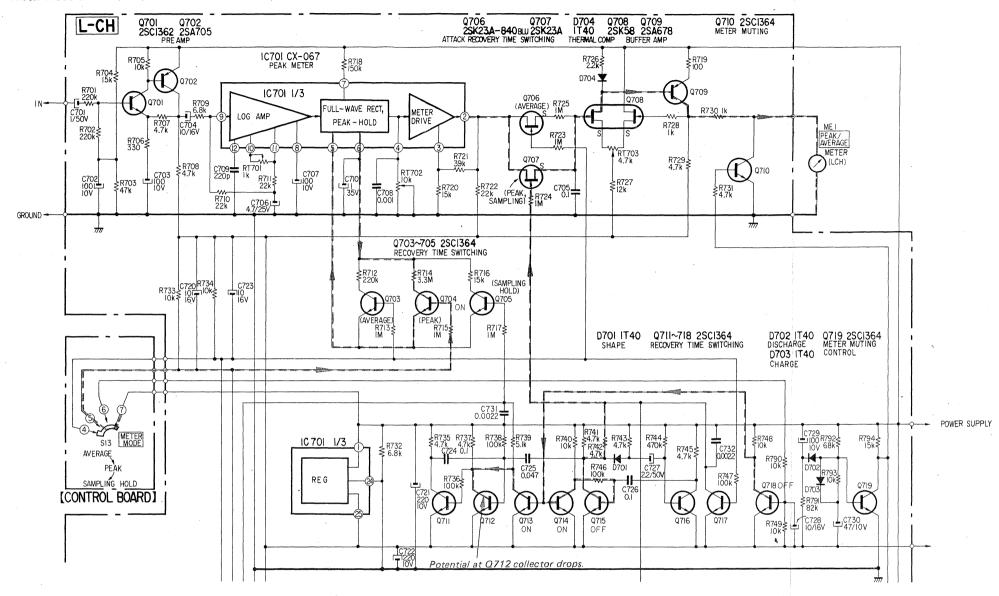


Fig. 4

#### 2) Attack circuit

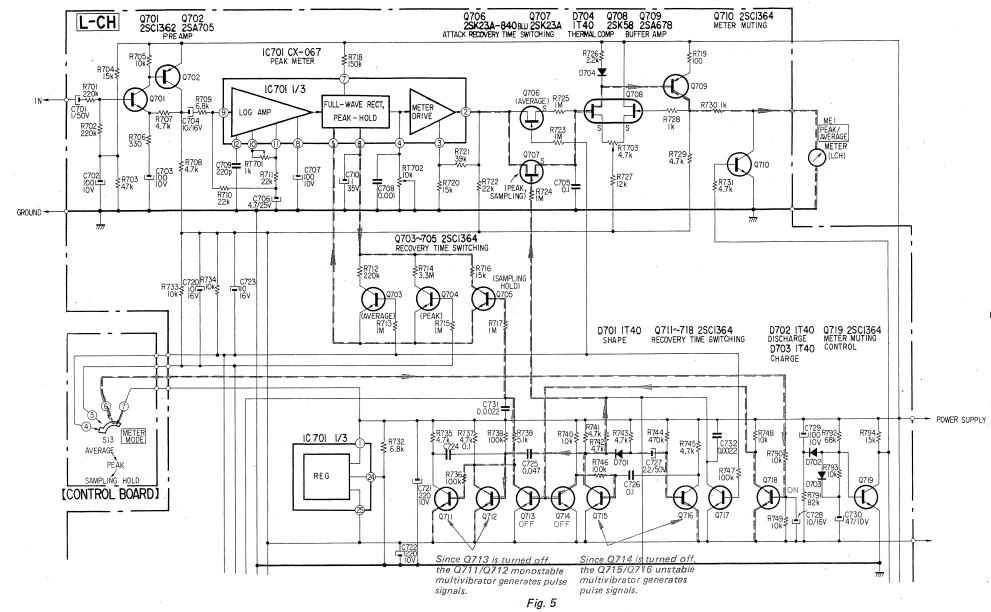
This circuit makes it possible to use ordinary level meters as peak level meters since the meter is over-drived (kicked) by the input signal and the differential value of the input signal.

The output signal from the hold circuit is gainadjusted (RT702) by the drive amplifier, passed through FET switch Q706 or Q707, and applied to capacitor C705.

\* During average mode, Q706 is turned on (Fig. 1) and current passed through R725, charges C705. Charge-up time is thus determined by the C705/R725 time constant. (Fig. 3).

- \* During peak mode, Q707 is turned on (Fig. 4), but since there is no resistor connected in series, C705 will charge up immediately (Fig. 3).
- \* During sampling hold mode, Q707 is turned on (Fig. 5) resulting in the same rapid charge-up time as during peak mode.

#### Meter Mode Switch (S13) Set to SAMPLING HOLD Position



# 3. Circuit Operation and Meter Display During Sampling Hold Mode (See Figs. 5 & 6)

Q705 is turned on at t<sub>0</sub>. C710 discharges rapidly through R716. Since Q705 turns off at t<sub>1</sub>, C710 starts to be charged up according to the input signal, and resulting in an increase of C710 terminal voltage. This terminal voltage is held at the value corresponding to the maximum peak level of the input signal between t<sub>1</sub> and t<sub>3</sub> (shown by mark \*). Since the Q707 FET switch is turned on at t<sub>2</sub>, C705 is rapidly charged, and then Q707 turns off at t<sub>3</sub>, the C710 terminal voltage level is, therefore, maintained at the maximum peak voltage level (also shown by mark \*), this being indicated by the meter until t<sub>5</sub>.

At the same time as Q707 is turned off (t<sub>3</sub>), Q705 is turned on again, this cycle being repeated continuously. So actually, the maximum peak value in the 0.5 sec period from t<sub>1</sub> to t<sub>3</sub> (or more correctly to t<sub>2</sub>) is indicated by the meter during the 0.5 sec period from t<sub>2</sub> to t<sub>5</sub>. If the maximum peak (shown by mark \*\*) during the t<sub>4</sub> to t<sub>6</sub> period is even higher than the maximum peak during the previous 0.5 sec period (i.e. t<sub>1</sub> to t<sub>3</sub>), C705 will be charged up further, resulting in an additional increase in the C705 terminal voltage. If, however, the following maximum peak is lower, C705 will discharge accordingly, resulting in a corresponding drop in terminal voltage, this being made possible by the bi-directional properties of the Q707 FET which permit reverse dischargeing.

In this sampling hold mode, the meters display the maximum peak level for every 0.5 sec, making it easier to follow the changes in peak level.

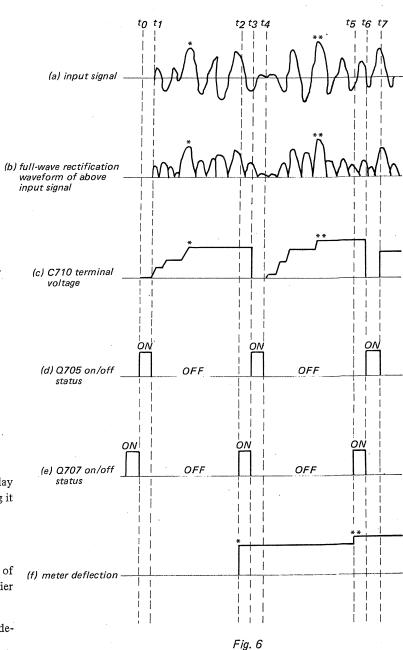
#### 4. Meter Drive Circuit (Fig. 5)

Since the Q706 and Q707 FET switches are of high impedance, Q708 and Q709 are a buffer amplifier to drive the meter.

Q708 is a dual FET differential amplifier designed to stabilize the meter drive circuit.

#### 5. Meter Muting Circuit (Fig. 5)

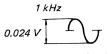
In order to prevent meter deflection caused by surge current when the power supply is turned on and off, a meter muting circuit, consisting of Q719 and Q710, is used. This surge current is used to activate Q719, which controls Q710, consequently Q710 turns on for duration of pulse caused by the surge current to mute the meter signal.



#### TA-E7/E7B TA-E7/E7B

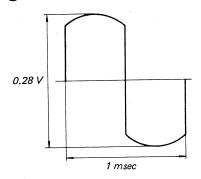
## Signal Waveforms at Important Points of the Circuit

(A) waveform at input terminals

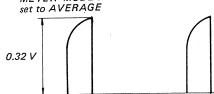


with 1 V output signal at the output terminals

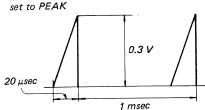
(B) waveform at pin 11 of IC701



© waveform at pin 5 of IC701 METER MODE switch

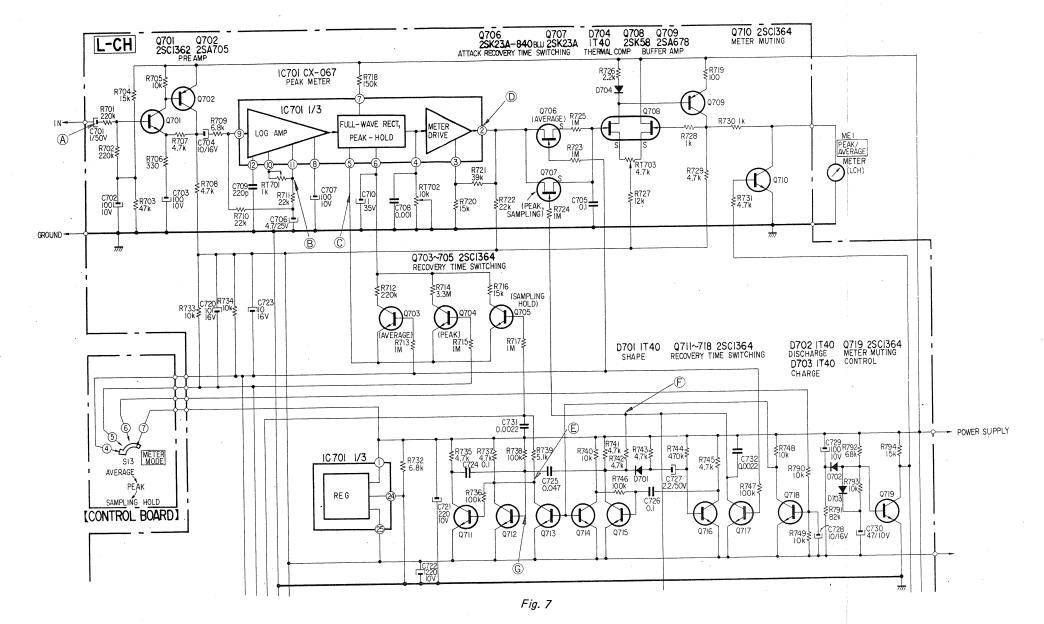


METER MODE siwtch



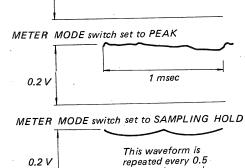
METER MODE switch set to SAMPLING HOLD 0.28 V This waveform is repeated

every 0.5 seconds (approx.).

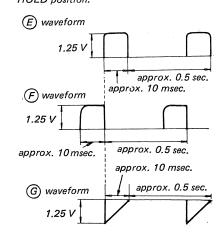


(D) waveform at pin 2 of IC701 METER MODE switch set to AVERAGE 0.2 V

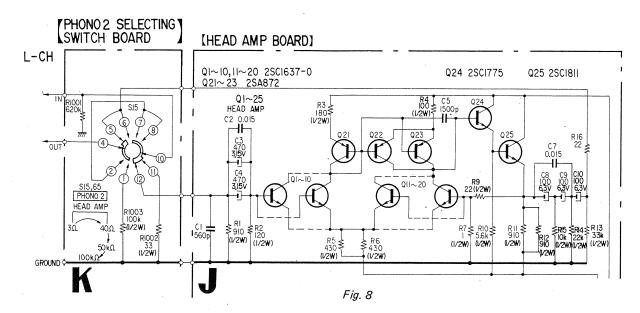
seconds (approx.),



Waveforms for (E) and (F) refer to when the METER MODE switch is set to SAMPLING HOLD position.



0.2 V



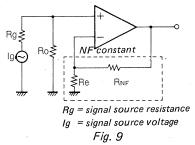
The TA-E7 is equipped with a head amplifier in order to handle the low internal impedance and low output level of moving-coil type cartridges. A high S/N ratio has been achieved by adopting (in the first stage) a current mirror differential amplifier consisting of parallel-connected low-noise LEC (low emitter concentration) transistors which reduce the equivalent noise resistance.

Furthermore, a  $3\,\Omega/40\,\Omega$  impedance selector is used in order to cope with the various different moving-coil type cartridges available on the market. High output moving-coil type cartridges and moving-magnet type cartridges can also be employed.

The left channel head amplifier circuit is shown in Fig. 8. The impedance selector switch is set to the value matching to the impedance of the cartridge being used. The input signal from the PHONO-2 terminals is applied to the parallel-connected differential amplifier formed by Q1 to Q10.

The head amplifier equivalent circuit is shown in Fig. 9. The input impedance is kept high by feedback circuit, and a choice of different values for terminating resistance Ro is available. Another important factor in designing a head amplifier of low equivalent input noise is the reduction of the number of amplifier stages. If most of the gain is obtained in the first stage, noise level will be determined by the first stage.

The open-loop gain of the first stage differential amplifier in the TA-E7 is 70 dB. The next stage is an impedance convertor with approximately 0 dB gain and the output signal is fed back to the first stage.



The gain A of the actual amplifier shown in Fig. 9 is given as follows:

$$A = \frac{RNF + Re}{Re}$$

In the TA-E7,  $A = \frac{R9 + R7}{R7} = 23$ , or approximately 27 dB.

Since the output voltage produced by conventional cartridges includes both mechanical and electrical resonances, voltage amplification is required. Therefore, input impedance has to be at least greater than the cartridge impedance.

For this reason, the actual input impedance will be approximately 25  $\Omega$  when the impedance selector switch is set to the 3  $\Omega$  position, and approximately 100  $\Omega$  when set to the 40  $\Omega$  position.

Q21 to Q23 are a differential amplifier with current mirror circuit to increases the gain and form push-pull circuit for the load to improve distortion.

Low impedance is obtained at the head amplifier output stage (Q24, Q25) by means of a Darlington connection impedance conversion.

As was mentioned earlier, parallel-connected transistors are used to reduce the equivalent noise resistance. The reason for this reduction is briefly outlined below.

The effective noise level generated in a transistor is given by the following formula:

$$\sqrt{\overline{e}_n^2} = \sqrt{4KFT \left[ r_{bb'} + \frac{r_e}{2} + \frac{(r_e + r_{bb'})^2}{2r_e h_{fe}} \right]} ...(1)$$

where  $\overline{e}_n^2$  = the effective noise level generated in the transistor,

K = Boltzmann's constant,

T = absolute temperature,

F = band width,

 $r_{bb'}$  = base dispersion resistance,  $r_e$  = effective emitter resistance  $\frac{26}{1e'}$ 

 $h_{\mbox{fe}}$  = current amplification ratio, and

Ie = emitter current

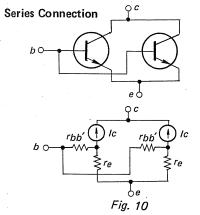
But if hee is large, and re and rbb' both small,

$$\sqrt{e_n^2} = \sqrt{4KFT (r_{bb'} + \frac{r_e}{2})...(2)}$$

In other words, it is necessary to select transistors of low  $r_{bb}$ ' and high  $h_{fe}$ .

Series connections are often used in order to reduce the  $(r_{bb}) + \frac{r_e}{2}$ ) factor.

In Fig. 10, two transistors are shown as connected in series. The  $r_{bb'}+r_e$  factor in the equivalent circuit will become  $^1\!\!/_2$ , so  $(r_{bb'}+\frac{r_e}{2})$  will also become  $^1\!\!/_2$ . Consequently, according to formula (2), noise will become  $1/\sqrt{2},$  that is, a reduction of 3 dB. If n transistors are connected in series, noise will be reduced by  $1/\sqrt{n}.$ 

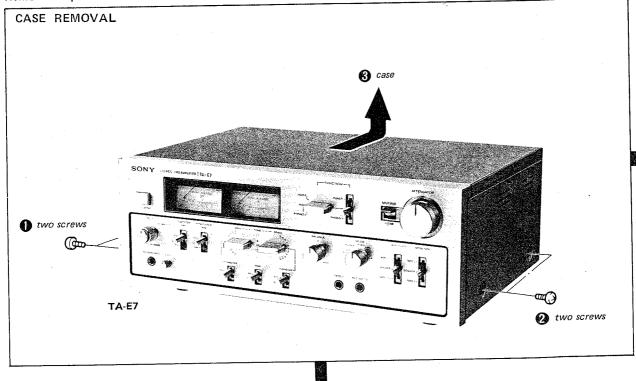


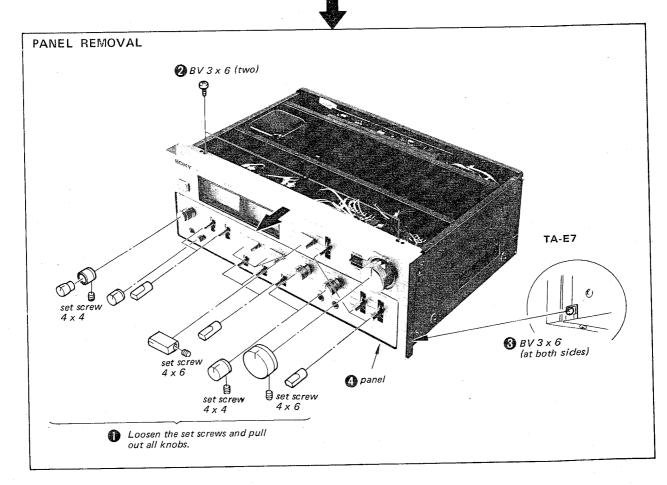
#### **Muting Circuit**

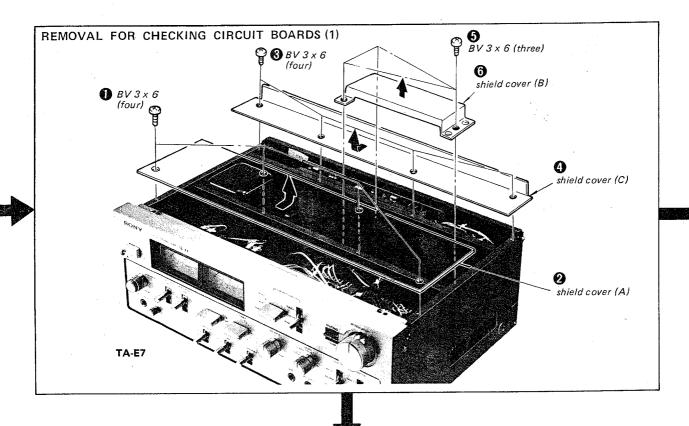
In order to prevent the generation of switching noises when the power supply is turned on and off, and also to prevent the appearance of any signals at the output until the whole amplifier circuitry has been completely stabilized after switching on (approximately 3 seconds), the TA-E7 uses a muting circuit. This circuit mutes the input of the flat amplifier and output of the preamplifier by checking the surge of current at Q804.

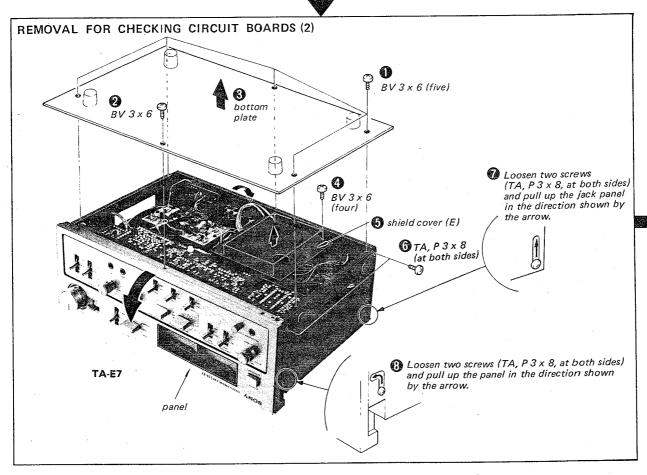
# SECTION 2 DISASSEMBLY

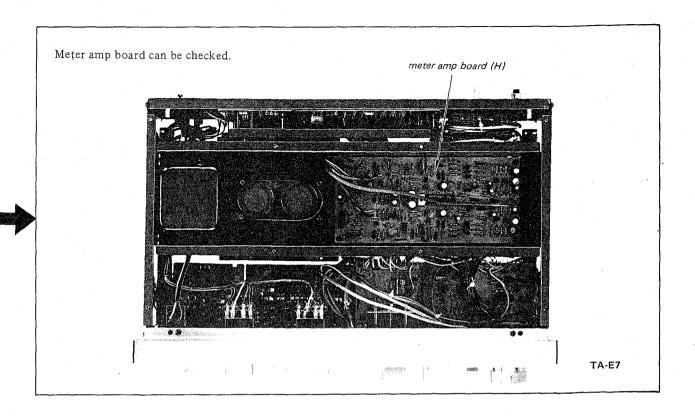
Remove the parts in the numerical order.

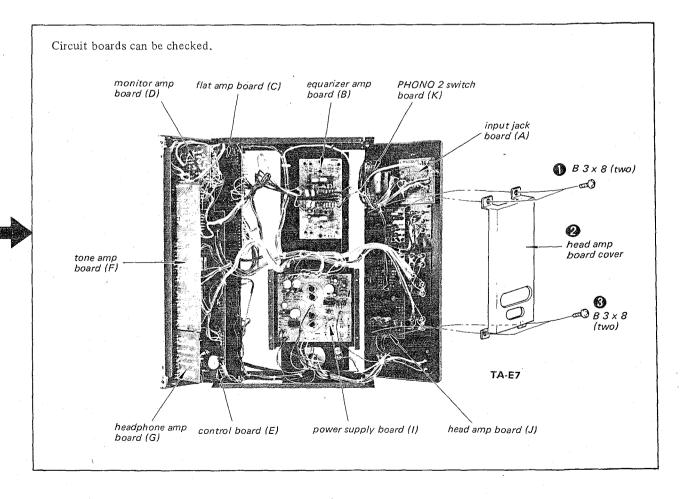












# SECTION 3 **ADJUSTMENTS**

### Control and Switch Setting:

Unless otherwise specified, set the controls and switches as follows.

FUNCTION switch:

TUNER

MODE switch:

**STEREO** 

BALANCE control:

mechanical mid

TONE switch:

OFF

HIGH FILTER switch: LOW FILTER switch:

OFF OFF

METER MODE switch: METER SENS control:

PEAK MIN

#### METER ZERO LEVEL ADJUSTMENT

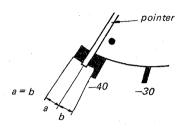
#### Setting:

ATTENUATOR control: fully counterclockwise

position  $(\infty)$ 

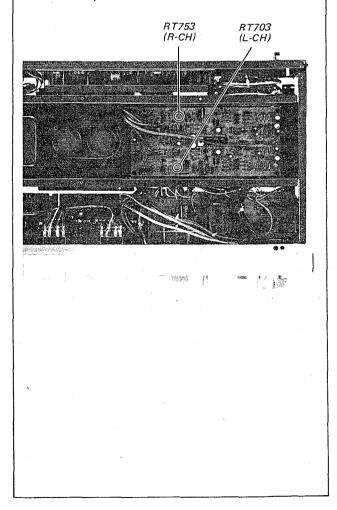
#### Procedure:

Adjust RT703 (L-CH) and RT753 (R-CH) for specified pointer position on the PEAK/AVERAGE meter as shown below.



#### Adjustment Location:

- Meter Amp Board -

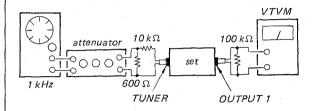


#### METER 0dB, -10dB ADJUSTMENT

#### Setting:

ATTENUATOR control: fully clockwise position (0)

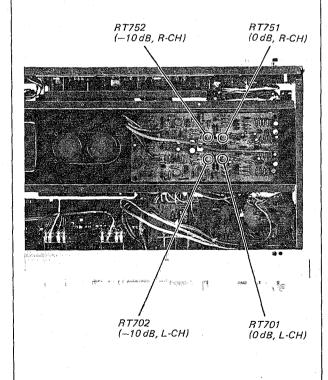
#### Procedure:



- 1. Adjust the attenuator for 1 V reading on VTVM.
- 2. Adjust RT701 (L-CH) and RT751 (R-CH) for 0 dB reading on the PEAK/AVERAGE meter.
- 3. Set the attenuator to 10 dB lowered position from the position obtained in step 1 above.
- 4. Adjust RT702 (L-CH) and RT752 (R-CH) for -10dB reading on the PEAK/AVERAGE meter.
- 5. Repeat above steps several times.

### Adjustment Location:

#### - Meter Amp Board -



# SECTION 4 DIAGRAMS

#### CIRCUIT BOARDS

- A: INPUT JACK BOARD
- B: EQUALIZER AMP BOARD
- C: FLAT AMP BOARD
- D: MONITOR AMP BOARD
- E: CONTROL BOARD
- F: TONE AMP BOARD
- G: HEADPHONE AMP BOARD
- H: METER AMP BOARD
- I: POWER SUPPLY BOARD
- J: HEAD AMP BOARD
- K: PHONO 2 SWITCH BOARD

MUTING SWITCH BOARD

#### 4-1. SCHEMATIC DIAGRAM

J: HEAD AMP BOARD

K: PHONO 2 SWITCH BOARD

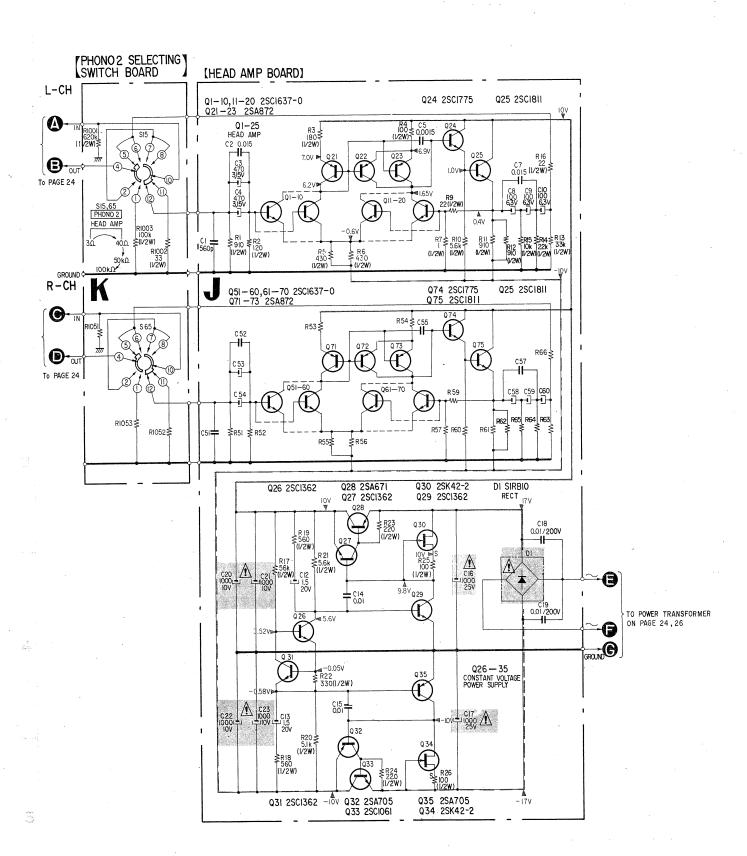
#### Note:

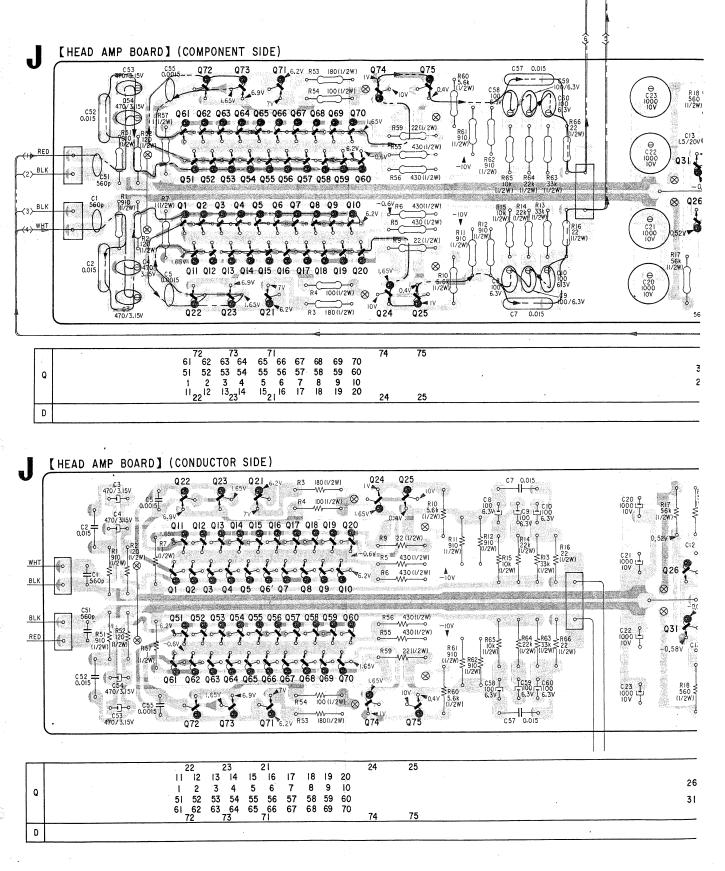
- Components for right channel have same values as for left channel.
- All capacitors are in μF unless otherwise noted. pF = μμF 50WV or less are not indicated except for electrolytics.
- All resistors are in ohms,  $\frac{1}{2}$  W.  $k\Omega = 1000 \Omega$ ,  $M\Omega = 1000 k\Omega$
- (N) : low-noise resistor.
- ---: B+bus.
- [\_\_\_\_]: panel designation.
- ---: B-bus.
- Voltages are dc with respect to ground unless otherwise noted.
- Readings are taken under no signal conditions with a VOM (20 k $\Omega$ /V).
- Switch

Ref. No.	Switch	Position
S15 S16	PHONO 2	HEAD AMP 3Ω

Note: The components identified by shading and A mark are critical for safety. Replace only with part number specified.

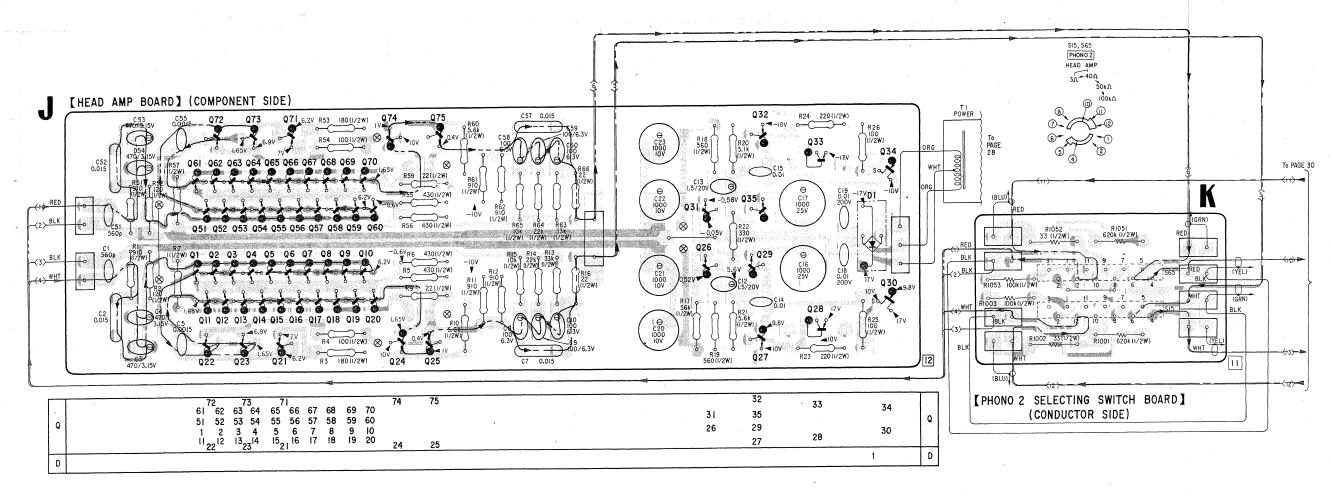
Note: Les composants identifiés par un tramé et une marque <u>(</u> sont critiques pour la sécurité. Ne les remplacer que par une pièce portant le numéro spécifié.

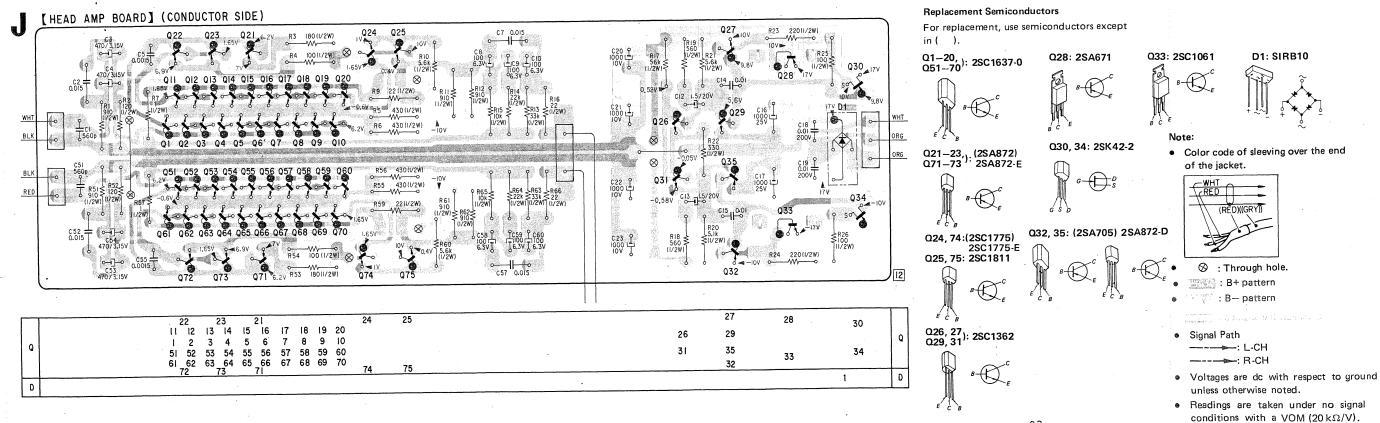




4-2. MOUNTING DIAGRAM

J: HEAD AMP BOARD K: PHONO 2 SWITCH BOARD





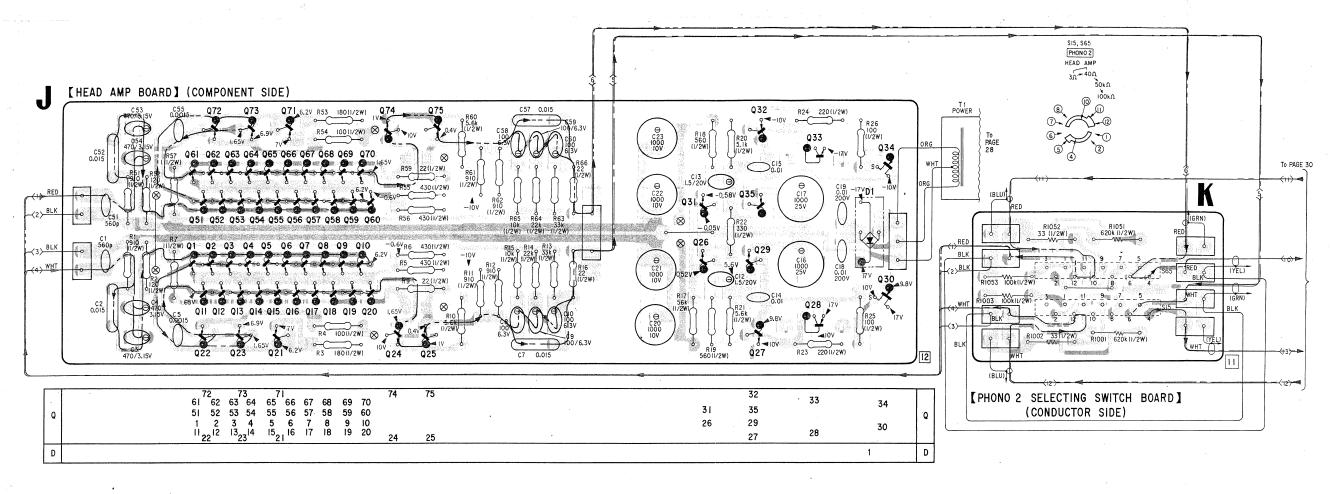
-23-

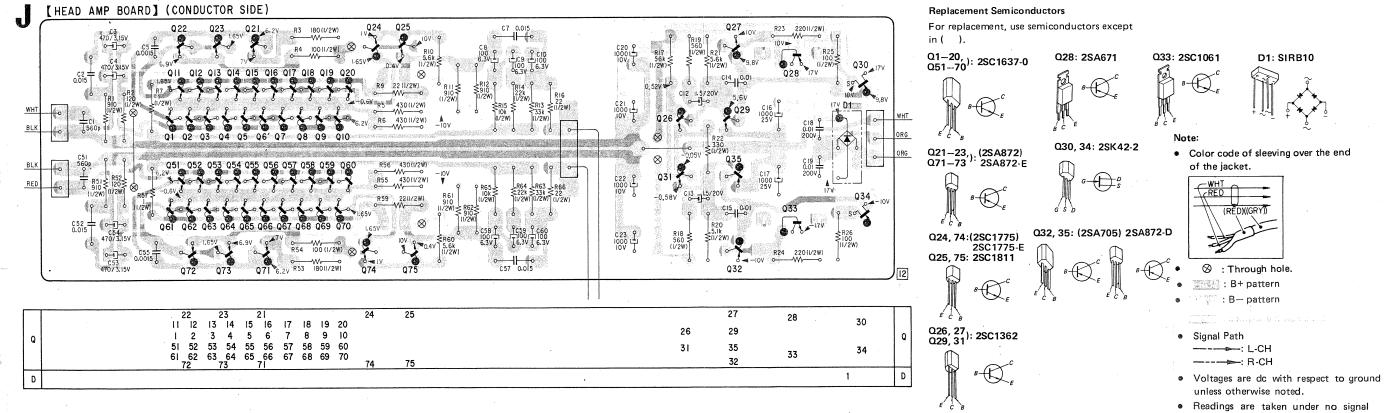
conditions with a VOM (20  $k\Omega/V$ ).

-23-

J: HEAD AMP BOARD K: PHONO 2 SWITCH BOARD

-22-



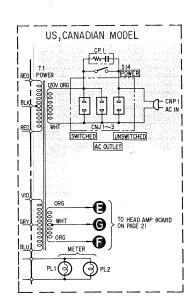


#### 4-3. SCHEMATIC DIAGRAM

- A: INPUT JACK BOARD
- B: EQUALIZER AMP BOARD
- C: FLAT AMP BOARD
- D: MONITOR AMP BOARD
- E: CONTROL BOARD
- F: TONE AMP BOARD
- G: HEADPHONE AMP BOARD
- I: POWER SUPPLY BOARD
- MUTING SWITCH BOARD

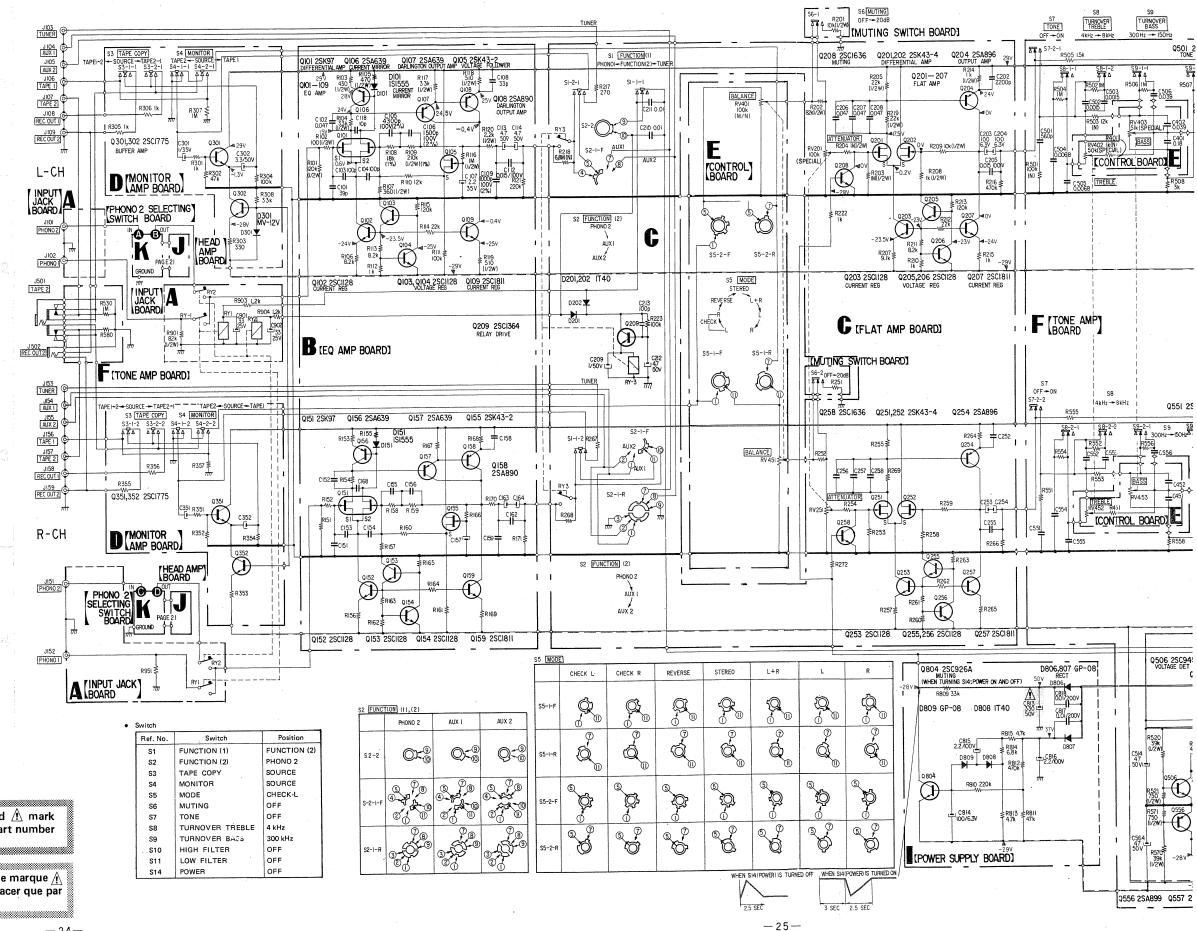
#### Note:

- Components for right channel have same values as for left
- All capacitors are in  $\mu F$  unless otherwise noted.  $pF = \mu \mu F$ 50WV or less are not indicated except for electrolytics.
- All resistors are in ohms, ¼W unless otherwise noted.  $k\Omega = 1000 \Omega$ ,  $M\dot{\Omega} = 1000 k\Omega$
- - : nonflammable resistor.
- - tusible resistor.
- (N) : low-noise resistor.
- : panel designation.
- Voltages are dc with respect to ground unless otherwise
- Readings are taken under no signal conditions with a VOM (20  $k\Omega/V$ ).

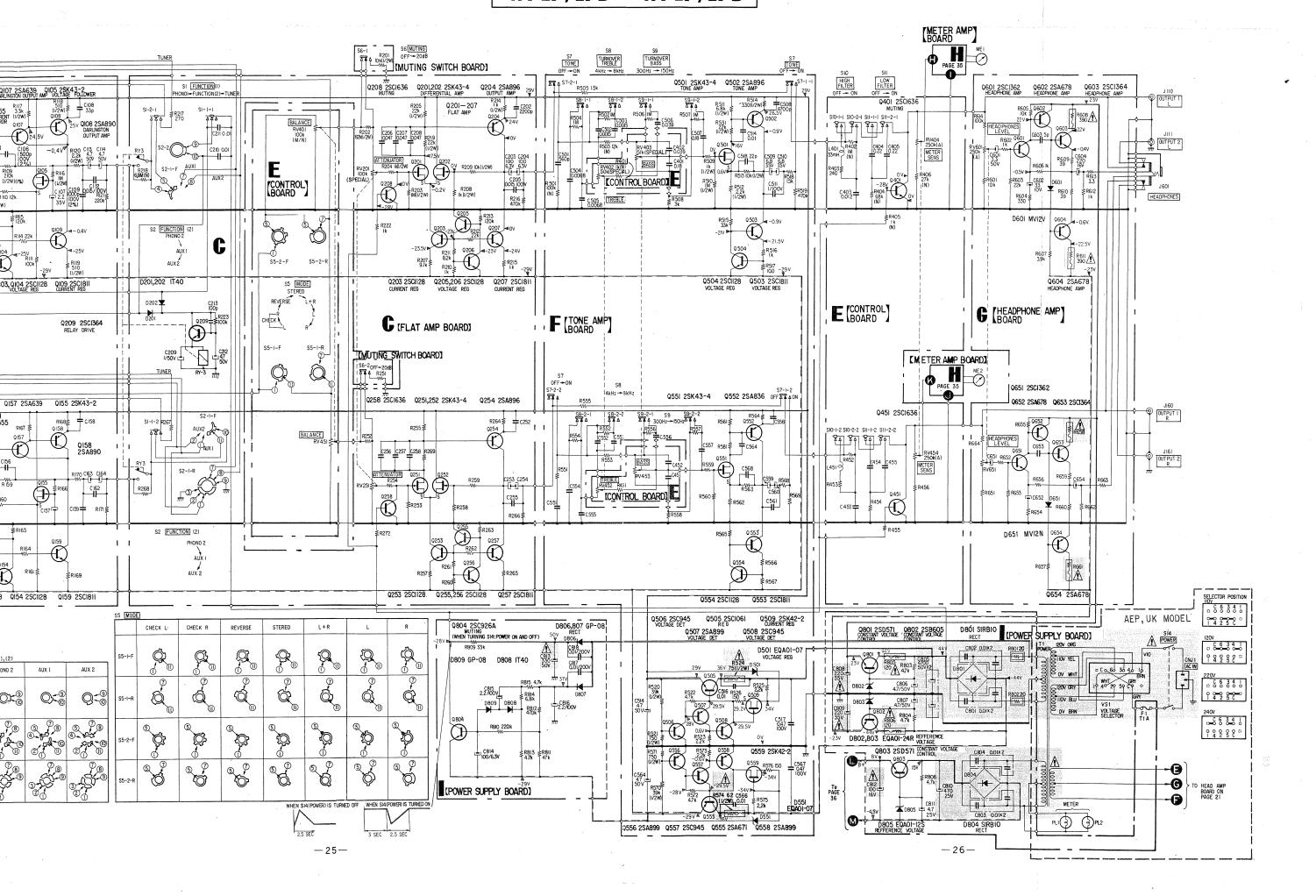


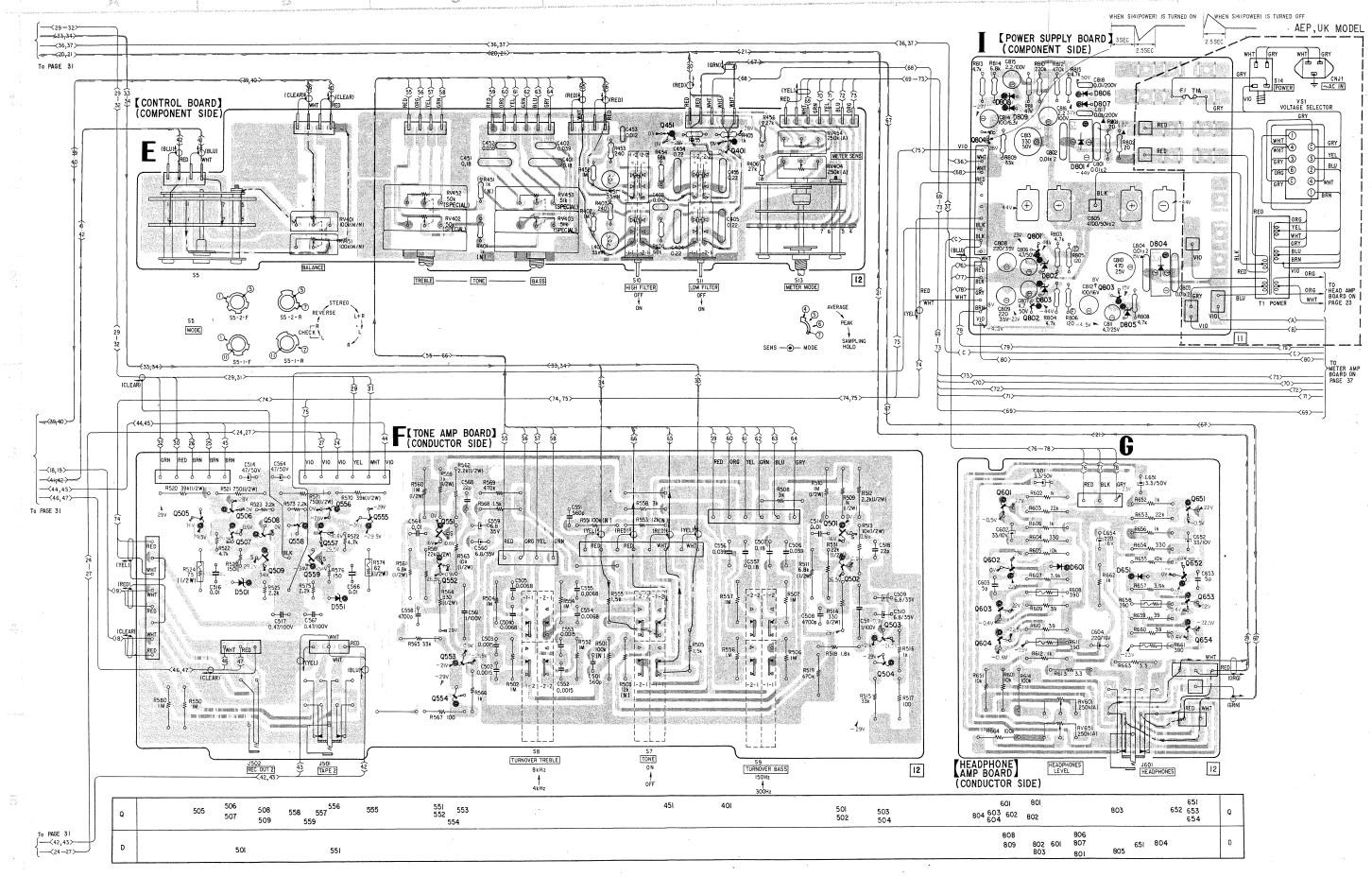
Note: The components identified by shading and 1 mark are critical for safety. Replace only with part number

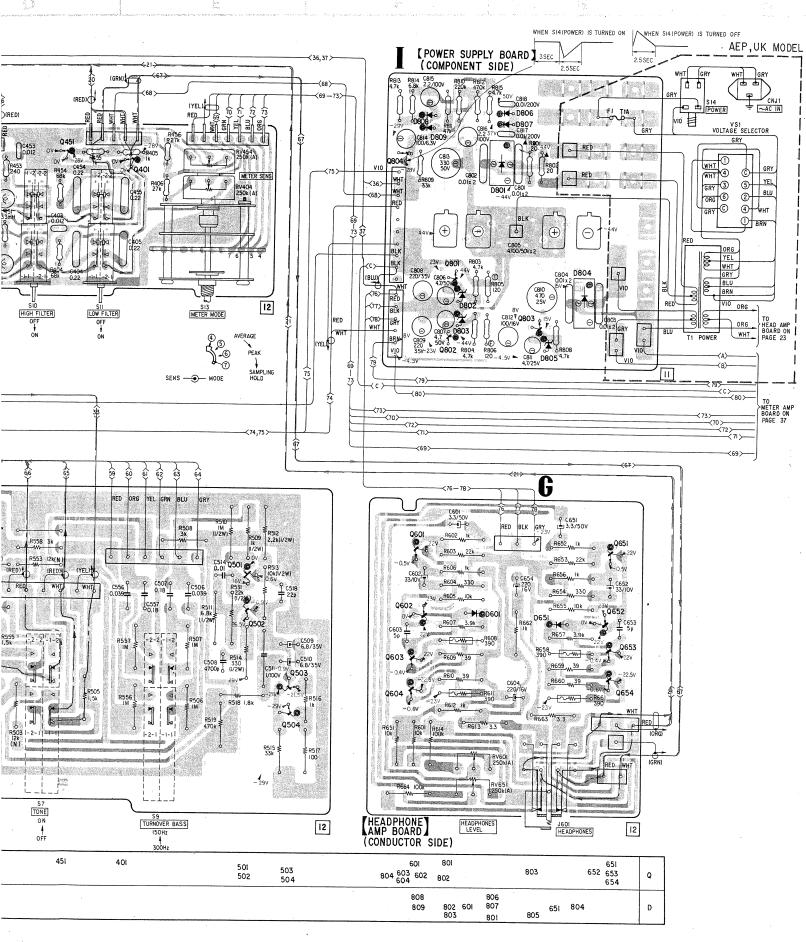
Note: Les composants identifiés par un tramé et une marque A sont critiques pour la sécurité. Ne les remplacer que par une pièce portant le numéro spécifié.

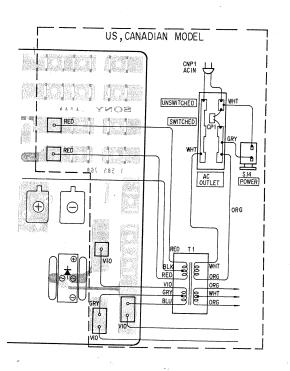


## **TA-E7/E7B TA-E7/E7B**









- : B+ pattern
- : B pattern

- : nonflammable resistor.
- (F): fusible resistor.
- Voltages are dc with respect to ground unless otherwise
- Readings are taken under no signal conditions with a VOM (20 kΩ/V).

Q401, 451: 2SC1636 Q804: 2SC926A 

Q501, 551: 2SK43-4

Q503, 553: 2SC1811

8 (C) E

Q504, 554: 2SC1128

Q505: 2SC1061

€ 8 € C E

Q506, 508,): 2SC945

6 - S



Q507, 556, 558; 2SA899



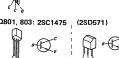


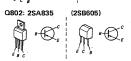












D501, 551: EQB01-07 (EQA01-07) D802, 803: EQB01-24 (EQA01-24R) D805: EQB01-12Z (EQA01-12S)





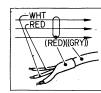
D801, 804: SIRB10



D806, 807,): 10E2 (GP-08)

D808: 1S1555 (IT40)

• Color code of sleeving over the end of the jacket.



206 <sup>203</sup> 207 205

204 201 208

Note:

TA-E7

Color

noted Read

Replacem For repla in ( ).

Q101, 15

Q102-1( Q152-18 Q203, 20 Q253, 25

Q106, 10 Q156, 1! Q108, 1!



**≺**42.43≻

202 201

156 157 158

155

106

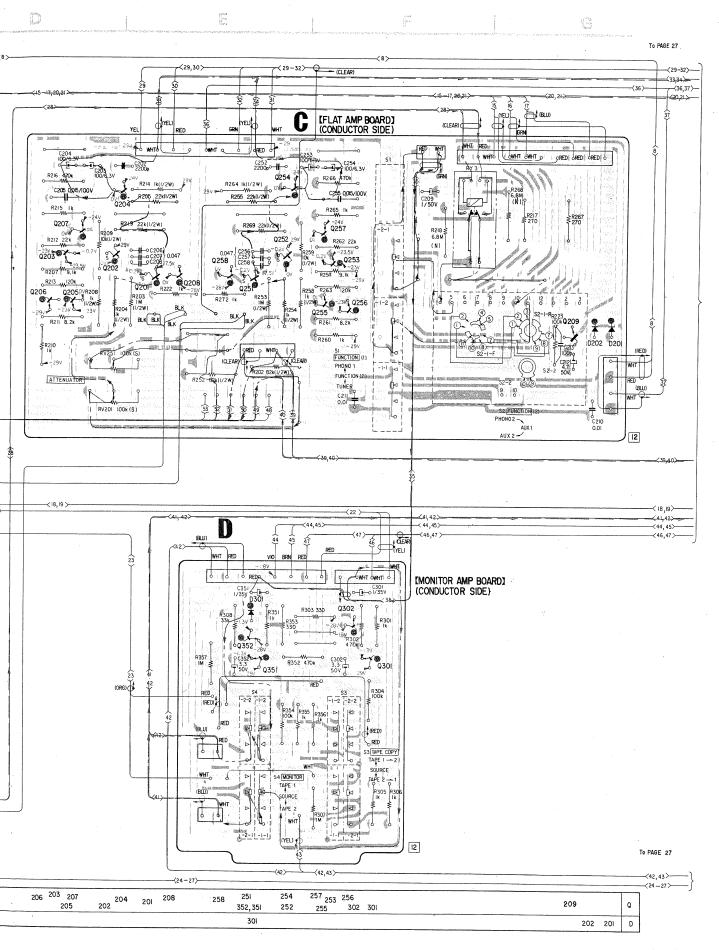
254 257 253 256 252 255 302 301

251

352,351

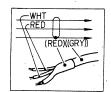
252

258



#### Note:

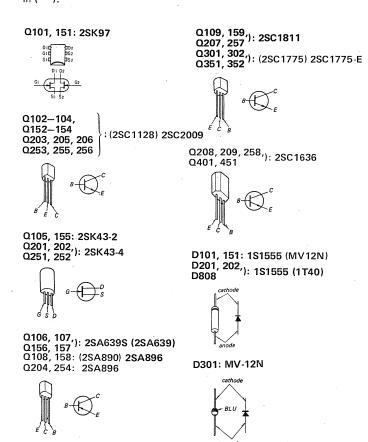
• Color code of sleeving over the end of the jacket.



- part mounted on the conductor side.
- \_\_\_\_\_: B+ pattern
- 9 : B- natte
- Signal Path
- Voltages are dc with respect to ground unless otherwise noted.
- Readings are taken under no signal conditions with a VOM (20  $k\Omega/V$ ).

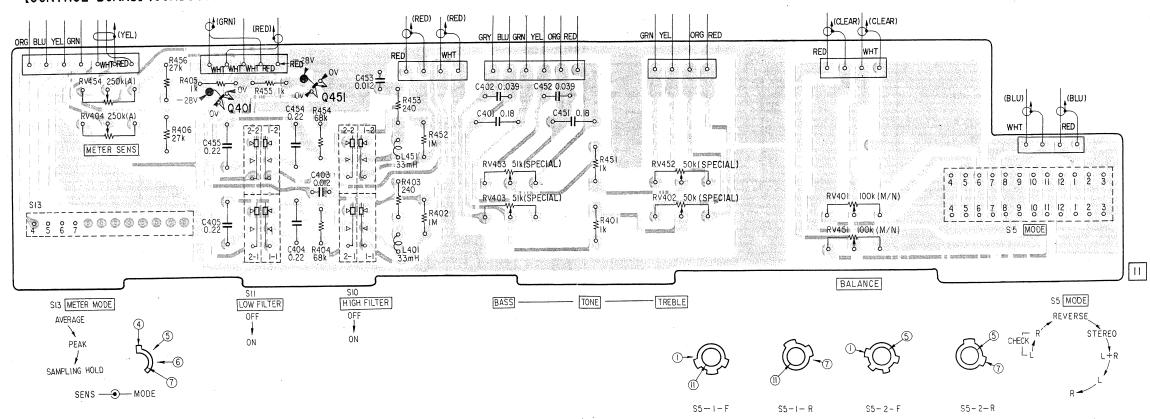
#### Replacement Semiconductors

For replacement, use semiconductors except in ( )



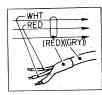
## [CONTROL BOARD] (CONDUCTOR SIDE)

B



#### Note:

• Color code of sleeving over the end of the jacket.



- Voltages are dc with respect to ground unless otherwise
   noted.
- $\bullet$  Readings are taken under no signal conditions with a VOM (20  $k\Omega/V)$  .

# TA-E7/E7B TA-E7/E7B

#### 4-6. SHCEMATIC DIAGRAM

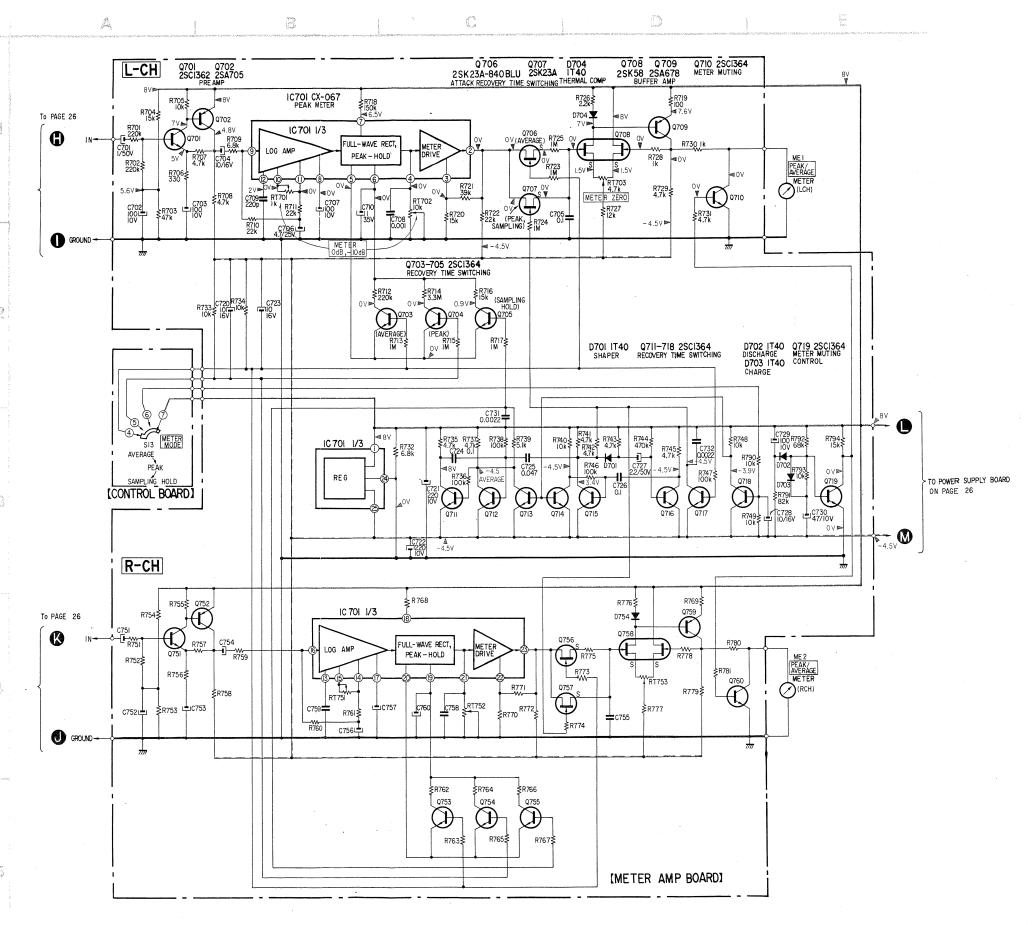
H: METER AMP BOARD

#### Note:

- Components for right channel have same values as for left channel.
- All capacitors are in μF unless otherwise noted. pF = μμF
   50WV or less are not indicated except for electrolytics.
- All resistors are in ohms, ¼W unless otherwise noted.  $k\Omega = 1000~\Omega,~M\Omega = 1000~k\Omega$
- (N) : low-noise resistor.
- ---: B+ bus.
- \_\_\_\_\_\_: panel designation.
- : adjustment for repair.
- Voltages are dc with respect to ground unless otherwise noted.
- Readings are taken under no signal conditions with a VOM (20  $k\Omega/V).$

#### Switch

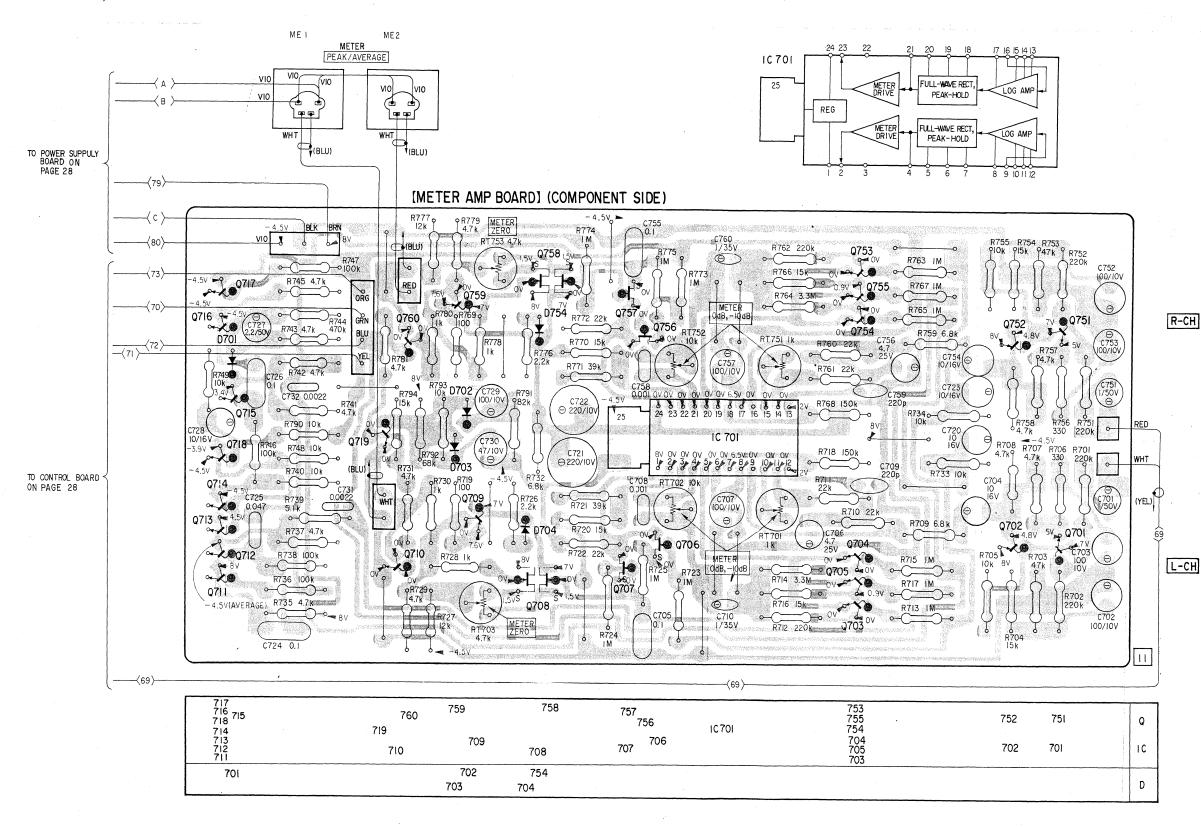
Ref. No.	Switch	Position		
S13	METER MODE	AVERAGE		



#### TA-E7/E7B TA-E7/E7B

### 4-7. MOUNTING DIAGRAM H: METER AMP BOARD

- Component Side -



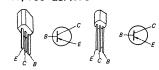
#### Replacement Semiconductor

For replacement, use semiconductors except in ( ).

Q701, 751: 2SC1362 Q703-705 Q710-719 : 2S : 2SC1364 Q753-755,760



Q702, 752: (2SA705), 2SA872D Q709, 759: 2SA678



Q706, 707,): 2SK23A-840 blue



Q708, 758: 2SK58



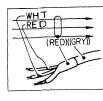
IC701: CX-067



D701-704, 754: 1S1555

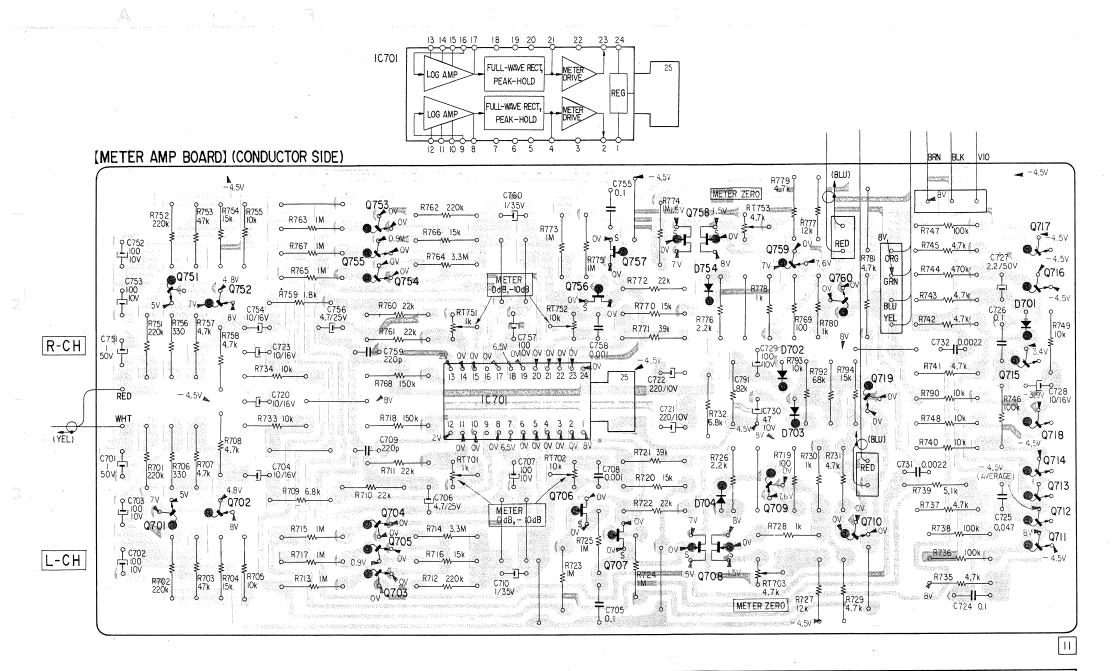


• Color code of sleeving over the end of the jacket.



- : B+ pattern
  - ; B- pattern
- Voltages are dc with respect to ground unless other wise noted.
- Readings are taken under no signal conditions with a VOM (20  $k\Omega/V$ ).

- Conductor Side -



	752 751	753 755		757 756	758	759	760	717 716
Ö.	701 702	754 704 705	10701	706			719	715 718 714 713
		703		706 707	708	709	710	712 711
D					754 704	702 703		701

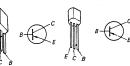
Replacement Semiconductor

For replacement, use semiconductors except in ( ).

Q701, 751: 2SC1362 Q703-705 : 2SC1364 Q753-755,760



Q702, 752: (2SA705), 2SA872D Q709, 759: 2SA678



Q706, 707,): 2SK23A-840 blue Q756, 757



Q708, 758: 2SK58



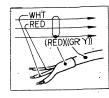
IC701: CX-067



D701-704, 754: 1S1555



• Color code of sleeving over the end of the jacket.



- : B+ pattern
- : B pattern
- Voltages are dc witin respect to ground unless otherwise noted.
- Readings are takens under no signal conditions with a VOM (20 k $\Omega$ /V).

# **TA-E7/E7B** TA-E7/E7B Note: The components identified by shading and 🛕 mark are critical for safety. Replace only with part number specified. 5-3. Note: Les composants identifiés par un tramé et une marque <u>f</u> sont critiques pour la sécurité. Ne les remplacer que par une pièce portant le numéro spécifié. ш 5-4. 4-848-826-01 (TA-E7) (A - 4-848-832-02 (TA-E78) (B Label, specification -00 20 O S PAR PAR PAR 00 $\mathbf{\omega}$

2

-44-

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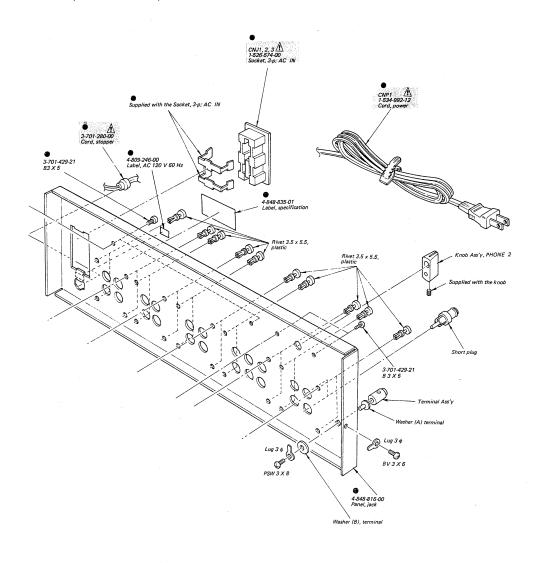
2

-43-

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US, Canadian model (Refer to the view 5-4 for part numbers except the mark •)



#### Note:

- Items with no part number and/or no description are not stocked because they are seldom required for routine service.
- All screws are Phillips (cross recess) type unless otherwise noted.
- (—) = slotted head
- (□□T) shows the number of coils in spring.

Note: The components identified by shading and \(\frac{\hat{\Lambda}}{\text{\text{total}}}\) mark are critical for safety. Replace only with part number specified.

Note: Les composants identifiés par un tramé et une marque <u>^</u> sont critiques pour la sécurité. Ne les remplacer que par une pièce portant le numéro spécifié.

## **SECTION 7**

## ELECTRICAL PARTS LIST

• Circled letters ( A to Z) are applicable to European models only.

				., =		
Ref. No.	Part No.	Description		Ref. No.	Part No.	Description
	SEMIC	ONDUCTORS		Q208	8-761-622-00	(B) 2SC1636
				Q209	8-729-663-00	(B) 2SC1364
	т т	ransistors		Q251, 252	8-723-304-00	(E) 2SK34-4
				⇒Q253	8-765-300-00	(C) 2SC2009
Q1-20	8-761-700-0	0 (B) 2SC1637-0		⇒ Q254	8-765-082-00	$\simeq$
⇒Q21-23	8-729-387-2	$\simeq$		<b>C</b> 23 1		
⇒Q24	8-729-377-5	$\simeq$		⇒ Q255, 256	8-765-300-00	© 2SC2009
Q25	8-765-012-2	$\boldsymbol{\times}$		Q257	8-765-012-00	$\succeq$
Q26, 27	8-729-665-4	$\sim$		Q258	8-761-622-00	$\sim$
Q20, 27	0 / 25 000 .	, @		Q250	0 701 022 00	<b>3 2 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3</b>
Q28	8-729-317-1	2 <b>E</b> 2SA671		⇒Q301, 302	8-729-377-58	B 2SC1775-E
Q29	8-729-665-4	7 <b>B</b> 2SC1362		⇒Q351, 352	8-729-377-58	B 2SC1775-E
Q30	8-727-312-0	0 ©2SK42-2				
Q31	8-729-665-4	7 B 2SC1362		Q401	8-761-622-00	B 2SC1636
⇒Q32	8-729-387-2	7 B 2SA872-D		Q451	8-761-622-00	B 2SC1636
022	0 730 316 1	2 (2001)		0501	0.722.204.00	(E) 2SK43-4
Q33	8-729-316-1	$\simeq$	-	Q501	8-723-304-00	× .
Q34	8-727-312-0	0 (C) 2SK42-2 7 (B) 2SA872-D		Q502	8-765-082-20	$\sim$
⇒Q35		0 (B) 2SC1637-0		Q503	8-765-012-20	$\times$
Q51-70		×		Q504	8-765-300-00	×
⇒Q71-73	8-729-387-2	6 <b>Б</b> ) 25А6/2-Е		Q505	8-729-316-12	D2SC1061
⇒Q74	8-729-377-5	8 B 2SC1775-E		Q506	8-729-194-56	B 2SC945
Q75	8-765-012-0	0 <b>©</b> 2SC1811		Q507	8-729-989-93	C 2SA899
				Q508	8-729-194-56	B 2SC945
Q101	8-765-342-1	0 <b>(F)</b> 2SK97		Q509	8-727-312-00	© 2SK42-2
⇒Q102-104	8-765-300-0	0 C 2SC2009		Q511	8-723-304-00	E) 2SK43-4
Q105	8-723-302-0	0 © 2SK43-2				
⇒Q106, 107	8-729-163-9	3 ©2SA639S		Q552	8-765-082-20	C)2SA896
⇒Q108	8-765-082-2	0 ©2SA896		Q553	8-765-012-20	©2SC1811
				Q554	8-765-300-00	© 2SC2009
Q109	8-765-012-2	0 © 2SC1811		Q555	8-729-317-12	E 2SA671
Q151	8-765-342-1	0 (F) 2SK97		Q556	8-729-989-93	~
⇒Q152-154	8-765-300-0	0 © 2SC2009				•
Q155	8-723-302-0	0 (C) 2SK43-2		Q557	8-729-194-56	B) 2SC945
⇒Q156, 157	8-729-163-9	3 (C)2SA639S		Q558	8-729-989-93	~
		•		Q559	8-727-312-00	<b>T</b>
⇒Q158	8-765-082-2	0 ©2SA896		-		J
Q159	8-765-012-2	0 © 2SC1811		Q601	8-729-665-47	B) 2SC1362
				Q602	8-727-788-00	~
Q201, 202	8-723-304-0	0 E 2SK43-4		Q603	8-729-663-47	B) 2SC1364
⇒Q203	8-765-300-0	0 © 2SC2009		Q604	8-727-788-00	× -
⇒Q204	8-765-082-2	0 ©2SA896		Q651		(B) 2SC1362
⇒Q205, 206	8-765-300-0	0 ©2SC2009		-		
Q207		0 ©2SC1811	•	Q652	8-727-788-00	C) 2SA678
	•	_		Q653		(B) 2SC1364
				Q654	8-727-788-00	Ž
⇒: Due to	standardizatio	on, interchangeable re	placements			•

<sup>⇒:</sup> Due to standardization, interchangeable replacements may be substituted for parts specified in the diagrams.

Ref. No	o. Part No.	Description
Q701	8-729-665-47	B) 28C1362
⇒Q702		(B) 2SA872-D
⇒ Q702-70		$\sim$
	07 8-722-384-01	_
Q700, 7 Q708	8-761-510-06	
Q/08	8-701-310-00	1) 25K36
Q709	8-727-788-00	*
$\Rightarrow$ Q710-71	19 8-729-663-47	(B) 2SC1364
Q751	8-729-665-47	B 2SC1362
⇒Q752	8-729-387-27	B 2SA872-D
⇒Q753-75	8-729-663-47	(B) 2SC1364
Q756, 7	57 8-722-384-01	©2SK23A-840 blue
Q758	8-761-510-06	*
Q759	8-727-788-00	× .
⇒Q760	8-729-663-47	B 2SC1364
⇒Q801	8-760-413-10	C)28C1475
⇒ Q802	8-762-020-00	~
⇒ Q802	8-760-413-10	×
Q804		(D)2SC926A
2001	0 720 350 05	925092011
		IC
IC701	8-750-670-00	<b>€</b> CX-067
		Diodes
D1	<u></u> 8-719-510-10	©SIRB10
⇒D101	8-719-815-55	B 1S1555
⇒D151	8-719-815-55	B 1S1555
⇒D201, 2	8-719-815-55	B 181555
D301	8-719-912-00	BMW-12N
⇒D501	8-719-831-07	BEQB01-07
⇒D551	8-719-931-07	BEQB01-07
D601	8-719-912-00	(R)MV12N
D651	8-719-912-00	
D031	0-117 <b>-</b> 712 <b>-</b> 00	D W V 121V
⇒D701-70		
⇒ D754	8-719-815-55	B 1S1555
		•

<sup>⇒:</sup> Due to standardization, interchangeable replacements may be substituted for parts specified in the diagrams.

• Circled letters (A) to (Z),) are applicable to European models only.

	Ref. No.	Part No.	Descrip	otion	
	D801	<u>^</u> 8-719-510-10			
	⇒D802, 803	8-719-510-10	(B)EQB01-	24	
	D804	<u>1</u> 8-719-510-10	©SIRB10		
	⇒D805	8-719-930-12	BEQB01-	12Z	
	⇒D806, 807	8-719-200-02	B 10E2		
		•			
	⇒D808	8-719-815-55	B 1S1555		
	⇒D809	8-719-200-02	B 10E2		
		CAP	ACITORS		
	All capacito	rs are in μF and	ceramic unle	ess other	wise noted.
		ss are not indica			
		elect = electroly			
	C1, 51	1-102-115-11	(A) 560 p		
	C2, 52	1-130-127-11	(B) 0.015	100 V	polyethylene
	C3, 53		©		
	C4, 54 <sup>)</sup>	1-131-429-11	G)470	3.15 V	tantalum
	C5, 55	1-102-119-11	(A) 0.0015		
	C7, 57	1-130-127-11	(B) 0.015	100 V	polyethylene
	C8-10		_		
	$C58-60^{)}$	1-131-295-11	(C) 100	6.3 V	tantalum
	C12, 13	1-131-202-11	(B) 1.5	20 V	tantalum
	C14, 15	1-108-239-12	=		mylar
					•
	C16, 17 /	1-123-066-11	(B) 1000	25 V	elect
	C18, 19	1-108-421-12	$\simeq$	200 V	mylar
		1-121-943-11	$\cong$	10 V	elect
			O		
	C101, 151	1-102-965-11	(A) 39 p		
	C102, 152	1-101-006-11	$\stackrel{\sim}{\sim}$		
	C103, 153		0		
	C104, 154)	1-102-973-11	(A) 100 p		
	C105, 155	1-130-123-11	(B) 0.0043	100 V	polyethylene
			(a) 31.33 / E	100 .	F , ,
	C106, 156	1-130-124-11	(B) 0.015	100 V	polyethylene
	C107, 157	1-131-217-11	(B) 2.2	35 V	tantalum
	C108, 158	1-102-963-11	(A) 33 p		
	C109, 159	1-130-122-11	(B) 0.001	100 V	polyethylene
	C112, 162	1-130-127-11	$\simeq$	100 V	polyethylene
	,		9 2.02.0	100,	1 3
	C113, 163				_
	C114, 164 <sup>)</sup>	1-121-396-11	(A)4.7	50 V	elect
	C118, 168	1-102-947-11	(A) 10 p		
000000			<u> </u>		

Note: The components identified by shading and ႔ mark are critical for safety. Replace only with part number specified.

Note: Les composants identifiés par un tramé et une marque <u>∱</u> sont critiques pour la sécurité. Ne les remplacer que par une pièce portant le numéro spécifié.

# TA-E7/E7B TA-E7/E7B

Ref. No.	Part No.	Descrip	tion			Ref. No.	Part No.	Descrip	tion	
C202 252	1-102-121-11	(A) 0.0022				C704, 754	1-121-651-11	A 10	16 V	elect
C202, 252 C203, 253		_				C705, 755	1-108-849-11	B 0.1		mylar
C204, 254)	1-131-295-11	(C) 100	6.3 V	tantalum				_		
C205, 255	1-130-127-11	(B) 0.015	100 V	polyethylene		C706, 756	1-121-395-11		25 V	elect
C206-208						C707, 757	1-121-414-11		10 V	elect
C256-258)	1-101-006-11	(A) 0.04 /			ľ	C708, 758		(A) 0.001		mylar
						C709, 759	1-102-978-11	$\simeq$	2537	4 4 a l 1 1 ma
C209	1-121-391-11	A 1	50 V	elect		C710, 760	1-131-448-11	(B) 1	35 V	tantalum
C210, 211	1-108-239-12			mylar				<b></b> 10 ⋅	16 V	elect
C212	1-121-396-11		.50 V	elect		C720	1-121-651-11		10 V	elect
C213	1-102-973-11		50 V			C721, 722	1-121-420-11 1-121-651-11		16 V	elect
C301, 351	1-131-215-11		35 V	tantalum		C723	1-121-631-11		10 4	mylar
C302, 352	1-121-393-11	(A) 3.3	50 V	elect		C724	1-108-845-12			mylar
						C725	1-106-643-12	A) 0.47		III y Iui
C401, 451	1-108-364-12			mylar		0.726	1-108-849-12	(D) (1		mylar
C402, 452	1-108-360-12			mylar	1	C726	1-108-849-12		50 V	elect
C403, 453	1-108-581-12	(B) 0.012		mylar	İ	C727	1-121-430-11		16 V	elect
C404, 454	1-108-611-12	(B) 0.22		mylar		C728	1-121-031-11	_	10 V	elect
C405, 455'	1 100 011 1-					C729	1-121-414-11		10 V	elect
•						C730	1-108-829-12		10 .	mylar
C501, 551	1-102-115-11	(A) 560				C731, 732	1-100-027-12	(1) 0.0022		,,
C502, 552	1-108-228-12	(A) 0.0015		mylar		C801_804	<u>^</u> 1-102-355-11	(B) 0.01	500 V	
C503, 553		$\circ$			Ì	C805	$\Lambda$ 1-125-093-11	(J) 4700+4		V elect
C504, 554	1-108-237-12	(A) 0.0068		mylar		C806, 807	1-121-396-11		50 V	
C505, 555		0					<u> </u>		35 V	elect
				mylar	-		1-121-940-1		25 V	elect
C506, 556	1-108-360-13			mylar		1 2 2 2 3 C C C C C C C C C C C C C C C C	<del></del>			
C507, 557	1-108-364-13			iiiy iai		C811	1-121-395-1	(A)4.7	25 V	elect
C508, 558		_					<u>^</u> 1-123-193-1		16 V	elect
C509, 559	1 1-131-437-1	1 B 6.8	35 V	tantalum			1-123-060-1		50 V	elect
C510, 560						C814	1-121-413-1		6.3 V	elect
C511 561	1-130-083-1	1 (1)	100 V	polyethylene		C815, 816	1-123-250-1	1 B 2.2	100 V	elect
C511, 561 C514, 564				mylar		C817, 818	1-108-421-1	2 B 0.01		mylar
C516, 566		$\sim$		mylar				_		
C517, 567			100 V	-		C901, 902	1-119-216-1	1 B 33	25 V	elect
C518, 568				,						
,							R	ESISTORS		
C601, 651	1-121-393-1	1 (A) 3.3	50 V	elect						
C602, 652		1 (A) 33	10 V	elect		All resistor	rs are in ohms a	nd of ½W car	rbon un	less otherwise
C603, 653	3 1-102-864-1	1 (A) 5 p					mmon ¼W carl			
C604, 654		1 B 220	16 V	elect			the last page for		umbers	•
						R1, 51	1-244-872-1			
C701, 751	1 1-121-391-	11 (A) 1	50 V	elect		R2, 52	1-244-851-1			
C702, 752	2 1-121-414-1	11 ( 100	10 V	elect		R3, 53	1-244-855-1			
C703, 753		1 (1) 100	10 1	01001		R4, 54	1-244-849-1	11 (A) 100		
									**********	

Note: The components identified by shading and 🛕 mark are critical for safety. Replace only with part number specified.

Note: Les composants identifiés par un tramé et une marque 🛕 sont critiques pour la sécurité. Ne les remplacer que par une pièce portant le numéro spécifié.

•	Circled letters ( A to Z) are applicable to European models only.

Ref. No.	Part No. De	escription		Ref. No.	Part No.	<u>Description</u>		
R5, 55	1-244-864-11 (A)43	0		R219, 269	1-244-905-11	(A) 22 k		
R6, 56′	1 244 901 11 🙉 1			R509, 559	1-244-873-11	(A) 1 k		
R7, 57	1-244-801-11 (A) 1			R510, 560	1-244-945-11			
R9, 59	1-244-833-11 (A) 22			R511, 561	1-244-893-11			
R10,60	1-244-891-11 (A) 5.6	) К		R512, 562	1-244-881-11			
				R513, 563	1-244-897-11			
R11,61	1-244-872-11 (A)91	0		K515, 505	2211011			
R12, 62'	_			R514, 564	1-244-861-11	(A) 330		
R13,63	1-244-909-11 (A) 33			R520, 570	1-244-911-11			
R14,64	1-244-905-11 (A) 22			R520, 570	1-244-870-11	~		
R15,65	1-244-897-11 <b>A</b> 10	) K		R521, 571	1-212-979-11		fusible	
	0.4			R531, 581	1-244-905-11			
R16,66	1-244-833-11 (A) 22				1-217-903-11		fusible	
R17	1-244-915-11 (A) 56			K3/4 L	1/1-212-5//11	A service and a service of the services		
R18, 19	1-244-867-11 A 56			D < 0.0 < 50	ologija saliki silita i situlisti	estikus karantaini ka	Se siverale	
R20	1-244-890-11 🛕 5.			R608, 658	<u>^</u> 1-212-895-11	(A) 390	fusible	
R21	1-244-891-11 (A) 5.	6 k		R611, 661"			September de person	
				D 001 802	<u>^</u> 1-211-505-11	(A) 20 ½W	nonflammable	
R22	1-244-861-11 (A) 3				1-211-303-11 1-212-883-11		fusible	
R23, 24	1-244-857-11 (A) 2			K805, 806 /	171-212-003-11	(A)120 A.I		
R25, 26	1-244-849-11 <b>(A</b> ) 1	00		D 001 051	1-244-919-11	(A) 82 k		
	_			R901, 951	1-244-919-11	(A) 62 K		
R101, 151	l 1-244-923-11 倒 1			D 1001 105	1 1 244 040 11	€20k		
R102, 152					1 1-244-940-11			
R103, 153					2 1-244-837-11			
R104, 154				R1003, 105	3 1-244-921-11	(A) 100 K		
R105, 15	5 1-244-865-11 <b>(A</b> )4	70			1 222 904 00	D 1 k odinetable		
	_			RT701, 751	1-222-804-00	) B 1 k, adjustable ) B 10 k, adjustable	· •	
R107, 15				RT702, 752	1 222-701-00	(B) 10 k, adjustable $(B)$ 4.7 k, adjustable	, e	
R108, 15			al oxide	RT703, 753	1-222-978-00	B) 4. / K, adjustaoi		
R109, 15			al oxide	D1/201 25	1 1 224 097 00	) (H) 100 k, variable;	ATTENUATOR	
R116, 16				RV 201, 25	1 1-224-967-00	H) 100 K, Valiable,	, 111121, 0111	
R117, 16	7 1-244-909-11 (A) 3	33 k		D1401 45	1 1 224 086 06	E 100 k, variable	RALANCE	
	_			RV401,45	1 1-224-966-00	H 50 k, variable;	TREBLE	
R118, 16	8 1-244-866-11 (A)			RV402,45	2 1-224-988-00	) (H) 50 k, vanable; 1	RASS	
R120, 17	0 1-244-881-11 <b>A</b>	2.2 k			1 552 110 0	0 (K) 250 k, variable	· METER SENS/	
				RV404	1-552-119-00	MODE includ	ling S13	
R201, 25	1 1-244-897-11 (A)					MODE Hierard	ing 515	
R 202, 25	52 1-244-919-11 (A)			D21601 65	1 1 224 722 0	0 © 250 k, variable	· HEADPHONES	
R203, 25				RV601,65	1 1-224-723-0	LEVEL	, 115/15/110/	
R204, 25						LEVEL		
R205, 25	55 1-244-905-11 A	22 k						
R 208, 25	58 1-244-873-11 (A)							
R 209, 2	59 1-244-897-11 🛕							
R214, 20		1 k						

Note: The components identified by shading and 🛕 mark are critical for safety. Replace only with part number specified.

Note: Les composants identifiés par un tramé et une marque <u>A</u> sont critiques pour la sécurité. Ne les remplacer que par une pièce portant le numéro spécifié.

# TA-E7/E7B TA-E7/E7B

• Circled letters ( A) to (Z) are applicable to European models only.

#### Description Ref. No. Part No. **SWITCHES** 1-552-089-00 (E) Lever Slide, FUNCTION (1) S1 S2 1-552-120-00 (H) Rotary, FUNCTION (2) S3, 4 1-552-032-00 D Lever Slide, TAPE COPY, MONITOR 1-552-118-00 (H) Rotary, MODE S5 1-552-031-00 © Lever Slide, MUTING S6 1-552-090-00 (H) Lever Slide, TONE TURNOVER S7-9 TREBLE, BASS 1-552-085-00 (D) Lever Slide, HIGH FILTER, S10, 11 LOW FILTER 1-552-119-00 (K) Rotary, METER SENS/MODE; S13 including in RV404 ↑ 1-552-141-12 E Pushbutton, POWER (AEP, UK model) S14 1-552-246-00 Pushbutton, POWER (US Canadian model) S14 1-552-165-00 (H) Rotary, PHONO 2 \$15,65 **JACKS** J101, 151 1-507-416-XX (C)4 p, PHONO 1, 2 J102, 152 J103-105 1-507-430-XX (D) 6 p, TUNER, AUX-1, 2 J153-155 J106-111 1-507-470-00 © 4 p, TAPE-1, 2, REC OUT-1, 2, J156-161 OUTPUT-1, 2 1-507-453-00 (C) TAPE 2 J501 1-507-454-00 © REC OUT 2 J502

1-507-453-00 © HEADPHONE

1-526-574-00

**1**-231-326-11 **1** 

1-509-546-00 D Socket, 3 p (AEP, UK model)

↑ 1-534-992-XX Cord, power (US, Canadian model)

Socket, 3 p (US, Canadian

model)

Encapsulated Component, C-R

(US, Canadian model)

J601

CNJ1

CNP1

CP1

CNJ 1-3

#### MISCELLANEOUS

F1	<b>1</b> -532-078-00 €	B) Fuse, 1 A (AEP, UK model)
L401, 451		Microinductor, 33 mH
ME1, 2	1-520-298-00	Meter, level; including
		1-518-273-00 Lamp (PL 1, 2)
RY1, 2	1-515-277-00 (1	F) Relay
RY3	1-515-267-00 (I	Reed Relay
T1	1-442-975-00	Transformer, power (UK, AEP mode
	<b>1-442-969-11</b>	Transformer, power (US, Canadian model)
VSI	<u>1-508-897-00</u>	Voltage selector (AEP, UK model)
	<u>↑</u> 1-533-131-00	Holder, fuse (AEP, UK model)
	-	

#### ACCESSORIES & PACKING MATERIALS

	Part No.	Description
	1-506-113-00	B Short Plug
	1-534-819-12	GCord, power (UK model)
	1-551-085-00	F Phono Cord
	3-701-622-00	ABag, plastic; power cord (UK model)
	3-701-630-00	A Bag, plastic; printed matters
	3-770-043-21	Manual, instruction (US, Canadian model
	3-770-432-11	[] Manual, instruction (AEP, UK model)
i	3-794-246-31	Leaflet, french (Canadian model)
	4-837-003-00	© Bag, protection
	4-838-952-00	© Cushion
	4-848-833-01	H)Carton (AEP, UK model)
	4-848-834-00	Carton (US, Canadian model)

Note: The components identified by shading and A mark are critical for safety. Replace only with part number specified.

Note: Les composants identifiés par un tramé et une marque 🔨 sont critiques pour la sécurité. Ne les remplacer que par une pièce portant le numéro spécifié.

#### HARDWARE NOMENCLATURE

Screw:

P 3 x 10
L: Length in mm
D: Diameter in mm
Type of head
Indicated slotted-head only.
Unless otherwise indicated, it means cross-recessed head (Phillips type).

Reference Designation Shape		Description	Remarks						
	SCREWS								
P	₽	pan-head screw	binding-head (B) screw for replacement						
PWH	₽	pan-head screw with washer face	binding-head (B) screw and flat washer for replacement						
PS PSP	#3-	pan-head screw with spring washer	binding-head (B) screw and spring washer for replace- ment						
PSW PSPW	<b>%</b>	pan-head screw with spring and flat washers	binding-head (B) screw and spring and flat washers for replacement						
R	<b>₽</b>	round-head screw	binding-head (B) screw for replacement						
К	₽	flat-countersunk-head screw							
RK	₽	oval-countersunk-head screw							
В	₽	binding-head screw							
Т	₽	truss-head screw	binding-head (B) screw for replacement						
F	₽	flat-fillister-head screw							
RF	<b>#</b>	fillister-head screw	].						
BV	<b>₽</b>	braizer-head screw							

Nut, Washer, Retaining ring:

N 3

Diameter of usable screw or shall reference designation

Reference Designation	Shape	Description	Remarks					
		SELF-TAPPING SCRE	ws					
TA	<b>⊕</b>	self-tapping screw	ex: TA, P 3 x 10					
РТР	<b>₩</b>	pan-head self-tapping screw	binding-head self- tapping (TA, B) screw for replacement					
PTPWH		pan-head self-tapping screw with washer face	binding-head self tapping (TA, B) screw and flat washer for replacement					
PTTWH		pan-head thread-rolling screw with washer face	binding-head (B) screw and flat washer for replacement					
		SET SCREWS						
SC	-€∋-	set screw						
SC	-	Socket						
		NUT						
N hout								
		WASHERS						
w	0	flat washer						
sw	<b>⊕</b> #	spring washer						
LW		internal-tooth lock washer	ex: LW3, internal					
LW	٥	external-tooth lock washer	ex: LW3, external					
		RETAINING RINGS						
Е	0	retaining ring						
G Q		grip-type retaining ring						

#### 1/4 WATT CARBON RESISTORS

A: appricable to European models only

											models	CILLY	
Ω	Part No.	Ω	Part No.	Ω	Part No.	Ω	Part No.	Ω	Part No.	Ω	Part No.	Ω	Part No.
1.0	1-244-601-11	10	1-244-625-11	100	1-244-649-11	1.0k	1-244-673-11	10 k	1-244-697-11	100 k	1-244-721-11	1.0M	1-244-745-11
1.1	1-244-602-11	11	1-244-626-11	110	1-244-650-11	1.1k	1-244-674-11	11 k	1-244-698-11	110 k	1-244-722-11	1.1M	1-244-746-11
1.2	1-244-603-11	12	1-244-627-11	120	1-244-651-11	1.2k	1-244-675-11	12 k	1-244-699-11	120 k	1-244-723-11	1.2M	1-244-747-11
1.3	1-244-604-11	13	1-244-628-11	130	1-244-652-11	1.3k	1-244-676-11	13 k	1-244-700-11	130 k	1-244-724-11	1.3M	1-244-748-11
1.5	1-244-605-11	15	1-244-629-11	150	1-244-653-11	1.5k	1-244-677-11	15 k	1-244-701-11	150 k	1-244-725-11	1.5M	1-244-749-11
1.6	1-244-606-11	16	1-244-630-11	160	1-244-654-11	1.6 k	1-244-678-11	16 k	1-244-702-11	160 k	1-244-726-11	1.6M	1-244-750-11
1.8	1-244-607-11	18	1-244-631-11	180	1-244-655-11	1.8k	1-244-679-11	18 k	1-244-703-11	180 k	1-244-737-11	1.8M	1-244-751-11
2.0	1-244-608-11	20	1-244-632-11	200	1-244-656-11	2.0k	1-244-680-11	20 k	1-244-704-11	200 k	1-244-728-11	2.0M	1-244-752-11
2.2	1-244-609-11	22	1-244-633-11	220	1-244-657-11	2.2k	1-244-681-11	22 k	1-244-705-11	220 k	1-244-729-11	2.2M	1-244-753-11
2.4	1-244-610-11	24	1-244-634-11	240	1-244-658-11	2.4k	1-244-682-11	24 k	1-244-706-11	240 k	1-244-730-11	2.4M	1-244-754-11
2.7	1-244-611-11	27	1-244-635-11	270	1-244-659-11	2.7 k	1-244-683-11	27 k	1-244-707-11	270 k	1-244-731-11	2.7M	1-244-755-11
3.0	1-244-612-11	30	1-244-636-11	300	1-244-660-11	3.0k	1-244-684-11	30 k	1-244-708-11	300 k	1-244-732-11	3.0M	1-244-756-11
3.3	1-244-613-11	33	1-244-637-11	330	1-244-661-11	3.3k	1-244-685-11	33 k	1-244-709-11	330 k	1-244-733-11	3.3M	1-244-757-11
3.6	1-244-614-11	36	1-244-638-11	360	1-244-662-11	3.6k	1-244-686-11	36 k	1-244-710-11	360 k	1-244-734-11	3.6M	1-244-758-11
3.9	1-244-615-11	39	1-244-639-11	390	1-244-663-11	3.9k	1-244-687-11	39 k	1-244-711-11	390 k	1-244-735-11	3.9M	1-244-759-11
4.3	1-244-616-11	43	1-244-640-11	430	1-244-664-11	4.3 k	1-244-688-11	43 k	1-244-712-11	430 k	1-244-736-11	4.3M	1-244-760-11
4.7	1-244-617-11	47	1-244-641-11	470	1-244-665-11	4.7k	1-244-689-11	47 k	1-244-713-11	470 k	1-244-737-11	4.7M	1-244-761-11
5.1	1-244-618-11	51	1-244-642-11	510	1-244-666-11	5.1k	1-244-690-11	51 k	1-244-714-11	510 k	1-244-738-11	5.1M	1-244-762-11
5.6	1-244-619-11	56	1-244-643-11	560	1-244-667-11	5.6k	1-244-691-11	56 k	1-244-715-11	560 k	1-244-739-11		
6.2	1-244-620-11	62	1-244-644-11	620	1-244-668-11	6.2k	1-244-692-11	62 k	1-244-716-11	620 k	1-244-740-11		
6.8	1-244-621-11	68	1-244-645-11	680	1-244-669-11	6.8k	1-244-693-11	68 k	1-244-717-11	680 k	1-244-741-11		
7.5	1-244-622-11	75	1-244-646-11	750	1-244-670-11	7.5k	1-244-694-11	75 k	1-244-718-11	750 k	1-244-742-11		
8.2	1-244-623-11	82	1-244-647-11	820	1-244-671-11	8.2 k	1-244-695-11	82 k	1-244-719-11	820 k	1-244-743-11		
9.1	1-244-624-11	91	1-244-648-11	910	1-244-672-11	9.1k	1-244-696-11	91 k	1-244-720-11	910 k	1-244-744-11		

**Sony Corporation** 

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